THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.] ATLANTA, GEORGIA, WEDNESDAY, JUNE 1, 1870. [VOLUME II---NUMBER 295

EVENING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 1.

ATLANTA PRICE-CURRENT.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE, ATLANTA, May 31, 3 o'clock, P. M.

Business remarkably dull and inactive this morning.

We hear of some sales of prime white corn at 1 47½ in car load lots at depot.

Cotton dull and drooping.

Below find quotations of the market to-day.

COTTON—Receipts are light, and the market dull; Middlings 20; low middlings 19; good ordinary 18; ordinary 17.

MONETARY—Gold buying at 1 13; selling at 1 15. Silver buying at 1 06; selling at 1 13. Exchange on New York buying at par; selling at ¼ premium.

GRAIN—Choice prime white corn very scarce; mixed and yellow more abundant. We quote mixed and yellow at $1 45, and prime white $1 50 in car load lots at depot; $1 50a1 55 in small lots. In Wheat there is but little doing, and it may be quoted nominally 1 40a1 45 for prime red; 1 45a1 50 for prime white. The demand for Oats is steady at 87c per bushel, in car load lots and 90 in small quantities. Rye, 1 25 in but little demand.

PROVISIONS—There is a light stock of bacon and prices rule stiff. Clear sides command 19a19½; clear rib sides 18½a18¾; shoulders 14¾a15; plain hams 18a20; canvased 20a22.

BULK MEATS—Are also in light supply; clear sides 18½; clear rib sides 17½a17¾; shoulders 14; hams 17½a18.

LARD—Choice in barrels 19; kegs and cans 20; inferior 18a19.

FLOUR—In good demand and stocks full. Superfine per bbl. 6 00a6 25; extra 6 50 af 00; family 7 00a7 50; fancy 8 00a8 50.

GROCERIES.—Corn meal 1 50, by car load, 1 55 in small lots. Rice. 8c, tierces. Soap, 7a9c. Candles, adamantine, 15c; Tallow 12a15c. Sugars, A, 16c; Extra C 15; Yellow, C, 12a13; Brown, 11a14½. Rio Coffee, 20a24; Java, 35a38c. Beeswax, 33 a34. Virginia salt, 2 25. Liverpool, 2 50. N. O. Syrup, 75a1 00. Molasses, barrels, 42a45. Pepper, 37½. Race Ginger, 25. Starch 10. Extra State cheese, 15c; Factory, 20a21c; English dairy, 23c. Goshen butter 40a50c; Tennessee, 36a45. Apples 7 00a10 00 per bbl. Eating potatoes 2 75a3 50 per bbl; planting 5 00a6 00. Eggs, 20 per doz. by the lot.

TOBACCO.—Atlanta is one of the best tobacco markets in the United States, for price and quality. We quote low grades, sound medium, summer work, 6@. Stock small. Low grade, winter work (won't stand May sweat) 60a62½; fine 90a1 00; choice 1 25; leaf 20.

DRY GOODS.—In dry goods, Atlanta equals New York, and our wholesale dealers can duplicate New York bills, saving freight and expense of travel there and back. We call attention to the quotations: Ahens 11; Spragne, 10; Pacific 11; Lancaster 11; Wamsutta 7 3-4; Amoskeag, 9 1-2. Ticking, Pittsfield, 12; Croton, 12; Albany, 12; Eastern E, 18; Amoskeag D, 23; Hamilton, 22; Conestoga 4-4, 30; Amoskeag A C A 40. Low grades of prints can be had at from 6 to 6½.

FACTORY GOODS.—The supply of Factory Goods is ample and the quality the best offered in any market. Brown Shirtings, ⅞ 12; B. Shirting 3-4, 9½a4-4, 14; Bleached shirting, ¾, 7a9½; Bleached shirting, ⅞, 11½a14½; Brown drills, 14½; Bleached Drills, 15½; Stripes, 16½a18½; Checks, 18¾a19; Montour Osnaburgs, 19½; Troup, 20¾a21; Yarns, 1 75

HARDWARE—Swedes iron, 8a9; horse shoe, 7a8; round and square, 5a10; City Mills bar, 5a6; Pittsburgh bar, 6; nail rod, 10a 12; band, 7a8; Nails, 4s to 60s, 5 75; 3s, common, 6 75; 3s, fine, 8 75. Plow steel, 11c; cast, 26a28c; German, 18a20.

LIQUOR MARKET—Whisky, rectified, 1 25 al 50 as to proof; Bourbon 1 25a6 00; Robinson County, 2 00a3 00; Cognac Brandy, 1 50a3 00; St. Croix Rum, 4 00a6 00; Jamaica Rum, 4 00a6 00; Holland Gin, 1 5 0a6 00; Scotch, 3 50a4 00; Domestic Porter, 3 00; French Brandy, 4 50a12 00.

LIME AND CEMENT—Cherokee lime, 50c per bushel; Chewackla, 60c. Hydraulic cement, 5 00 per barrel, James River 4 50 per bbl. Plaster of Paris, 6 00 per barrel.

LEATHER AND HIDES—White oak sole, 40a50; Hemlock, good,31a33; damaged, 25a30; French calf skins, 34 00a58 00 per doz; American calf skins, 25 00a45 00; Harness leather, 45a50c; upper leather, 60a80c; liningskins, (sheep), 4 50a9 00 per doz. Green hides 8a9c; dry salted, 15a16c; dry flint, 16a18c.

POWDER AND SHOT—Rifle powder, per keg, 25 pounds, 7 25; blasting, 5 25. Patent shot, per bag, 3 00; buck, 3 25.

DRUGS AND DYES—Bi-carb soda 7a8 per lb. Blue stone 18a20. Copperas 4a5. Epsom salts 6½a8. Madder 22a25. Opium 17 00a19 00 per pound. Alum, 8a10. Borax, 45. Brimstone, 8a10c. Camphor, 1 20a1 40. Indigo, 1 30a1 60. Quinine, 2 75 per oz. Saltpetre, 12a20c per pound. Castor oil, quarts, 6 00a6 50; pints, 3 50a3 75; per gal., 3 75a 4 00. Sweet oil, per dozen, 1 50a6 00; per gal., 1 45a3 50.

COW FEED.—Hay, 1 70a1 85 per 100 lbs. Peas, (scarce) 2 75 per bushel; wheat bran, 1 75 per 100 lbs; Oil meal 2½c per lb.

OILS AND PAINTS.—Linseed oil, raw, per gal., 1 30a1 35; do., boiled, 1 35a 1 40; Sperm, 2 50a3 00; Whale, 1 50a 2 00; Lard, 1 40a2 00; Pure Winter, 1 75a2 00; Tanners, 1 00a1 25; Kerosene 40a45c; Petro, 35; Copal Varnish, 2 75a4 00; Japan, 3 00a3 50; Coach, 5 00a6 00. White lead, per lb., 11¼a15; do., pure, 16¾.

HOGS AND LIVE CATTLE.—Live shotes, 6¼a7¼, owing to size; stock fair; no demand. Live cattle on foot, choice 5a5½c; common 3½asc gross. Stock light.

DRIED FRUIT.—Peeled Peaches 9a11c; not peeled 5a6c; Apples 5a6.

BAGGING AND ROPE—India and Borneo bagging, 29a30c; Kentucky, 20a25. Machine made rope, 8¼c; hand made, 8c.

Telegraphic Markets.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Stocks generally dull. Money easy at 4. Exchange, long, 9⅜; short 10¼. Gold 1 14¼. Bonds 11¼. Tennessee ex-coupons 61¼; new 56¾. Virginia ex-coupons, old, 69¼; new 69¾. Louisianas, old, 76¼; new 73. Levee sixes 75¼; eights, 93. Alabama eights 101; fives 74. Georgia sixes 90; sevens 95. North Carolinas, old, 49; new 25¼. South Carolinas, old 98; new 82.

Flour dull. Wheat dull and declining. Corn dull and heavy. Pork at 29 62. Lard quiet at 16. Cotton dull and lower; middling uplands 22½; Orleans 23; sales 500 bales. Turpentine dull at 38a38¼. Rosin quiet at 2 10a2 12½ for common and strained. Freights firmer.

LONDON May 31, noon.—Consols 94½. Bonds 89¼.

LIVERPOOL, May 31, noon.—Cotton quiet; Uplands 10¾; Orleans 11; sales 8,000 bales. Shipments from Bombay to the 30th, since last report, 59,000 bales. Corn 29s 6d.

Later.—Red western wheat 9s 3da9s 4d. Pork and lard dull. Cotton dull and irregular; uplands 10⅝a10¾; Orleans 10¾. Yarn fabrics heavy.

FRANKFORT, May 31.—Bonds opened firm at 95⅝.

PARIS, May 31.—Bourse opened dull. Rentes 74f. 75c.

HAVRE, May 31.—Cotton opened heavy at 125f., afloat.

The Song Garden.

A SERIES of Music Books, adapted to Schools of all grades. Progressively arranged with each book complete in itself. By Dr. LOWELL MASON.

THE SONG GARDEN, First Book. For beginners with a variety of pleasing and easy songs—50 cents.

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CHARLES H. DITSON & CO., 711 Broadway, New York.

may31-d1w

Thanks.

We are under many obligations to Colonel J. C. Stanton, General Superintendent of the Alabama and Chattanooga Railroad, for courtesies.

Correction.

In the Brazil letter in this morning's issue read "Parsons" for "Tarsus."

Rare Joke.

At present, therefore, there is no organization of the Republican party in those districts where it otherwise would be strongest—a fact which seems not generally appreciated abroad. Hence an election this fall would create a necessity for organization, and this would call away "hands" from the cotton and rice plantations in the Southern and middle portions of the State, and very materially interfere with the growing crop—a circumstance which would be unfortunate at this time. In short, such an election would impose a canvass which, in the very nature of the case, would greatly damage all classes by interfering with growing crops; whilst it could benefit none except those who seek victory at the sacrifice of fair elections, as in the canvass of November, 1868.—*Radical Organ.*

The above extract, from an article in the radical organ on the policy of holding an election this fall, is a rare specimen of cool, genuine, unadulterated humbug, that we challenge the world to equal. Whipped from its untenable claim about the illegality of the election, the organ has the refreshing assurance to argue that the law be set aside, and the people be deprived of their constitutional right of an election, because—oh! most wonderful conclusion!—the Republican party is not organized.

This is a good joke—a wondrous joke. It entitles its brilliant author to clown it in any first-class circus. In conformity with this inimitable joke, it would be admirable to change the State Constitution. It now reads:

The election for members of the General Assembly shall begin on Tuesday after the first Monday in November *in every second year*, except the first election, which shall be within sixty days after the adjournment of this Convention.

We suggest this unapproachable amendment:

Provided, nevertheless, that if the party in power is Radical, and is not organized in the State according to its notion, the said election may be postponed until the said party is organized.

This magnificent idea of the organ's is alike reasonable and just, consistent with enlightened law and advanced civilization, and is one of those splendid innovations upon the old fogy theory of a constitutional government, that carries the thinker back to the luminous ages of semi-barbarism, or the more gorgeous glories of capricious tyranny.

The solicitude of the organ about the crops is touching. It leaves the impartial reader profoundly overcome at the marvelous display of disinterested patriotism. Of course it is the crops, and not the additional two years of power that is sought. The implied reflection on the men who made the law is richly deserved. That these nincompoops should have put the election at a time that would "impose a canvass" which would "greatly damage" the "growing crops," merits the severest reprobation. Such short-sightedness was diabolical.

The last clause of the organ's joke, that the election could benefit only those "who seek victory at the sacrifice of fair elections," is conspicuous for its superb pertinency and luminous unintelligibility. The grand Radical discoverer out-discovered itself in this splendid sentence.

But we must forego the rapture of further admiring comment on this brilliant conception. We repeat it under high-pressure praise, that the practice of imperative laws and constitutional privileges being set aside at pleasure to enable the ruling party to organize at its convenience, and to hold on to power until it can organize, is to simply give it perpetual rule in violation of law and the people's rights, and is one of those preposterous audacities of folly and usurpation that revolts justice and humanity, and particularly makes the policy of Southern Radicalism.

One other feature of this joke we will notice. The organ says the want of organization in the Republicans of Georgia, which is to cause the election to be put off, is *not generally appreciated abroad.* The simple English of this is, that "abroad" means Congress, and the insidious lure of party benefit is held out to Congress to make it perpetrate a wrong. The people of Georgia should remember this, and notice that Bullock and his faction are reckless of the rights of Georgians.

The organ can garble the article, and stick it in its column for Washington use, or the Governor can sue us again.

THE FENIAN INVASION.

Battle of Trout River.

The New York Tribune's special correspondent in Canada gives the following account of the battle of Trout River, between the Fenian invaders, under General Starr, and the Canadians and British troops:

General Starr crossed Trout River on the morning of the 27th, and advanced with his command. He proceeded about 500 yards when he deployed on the right and left of the road, his extreme right resting on Trout River. He had not occupied this position long when the British troops and Canadian militia emerged from the woods a little in front and on the other side of the Fenians. Line of battle was at once formed by the British, and a sharp and steady fire was opened on the Fenians. There was at the time a small rail fence in front of the latter, which was immediately converted into a sort of stockade. The Fenians, who had been told by General Starr to keep up a steady fire for ten minutes, obeyed orders and stopped the advance of the British. Before the expiration of ten minutes, the Canadian troops, far out numbering the Fenians, made a movement as if they intended to flank and capture the invaders, when General Starr formed a rear-guard and a retreat was ordered. The British continued firing, pressing the Fenians, who managed to maintain comparatively good order until they reached the United States line, when a parting volley was given the British, and the battle of Trout River was over.

General John R. Gleason, of Richmond, Virginia, assumed command of the forces, and General Starr has disappeared, as the Fenians threatened to lynch him for his cowardice.

NEW VERSION.—Colonel D. M. Nelson tells the following, on the authority of Thomas McElmore:

Old man Ward, of McMinn county, an eccentric preacher, on one occasion, when about commencing service, said: "Brethering, havin' forgotten my specks, I'll have to give you out a hymn from memory—

'There's not an honest man on earth, and scarcely one in Heaven.'"

☞ The editor of a Chicago children's paper received a letter from a lady subscriber, who writes: "Our little Anna died last week, after reading the last number of your valuable paper. Parties who have young children than they want should subscribe for that periodical.

Georgia News.

Business is lively in Rome.

Plenty of rain throughout the State.

St. John's Day is to be celebrated by the Masonic Fraternity of Savannah.

The Rome papers report the Coosa river in fine boating order.

The Forrest City Club won the championship at the grand Regatta race in Savannah.

Mr. W. C. Evans, of Macon, died of typhoid fever a few days ago in that city.

Mercer University is a question that still haunts the Masonites.

A meeting of the citizens of Sumter county has been called to discuss the proposed railroad from Americus to Newnan.

An English ship cleared at Savannah for Liverpool on Saturday, with 4,364 bales cotton, cargo value $450,000. Another vessel cleared for Havre with 1,938 bales.

The Examination and Commencement Exercises of Andrew Female College, at Cuthbert, will begin on Friday, the 24th of June, and be continued until Friday, July 1st.

James Donaldson, who has been confined in Macon jail for eight months on the charge of burglary, but against whom neither true bill, witness nor prosecutor even appeared, was discharged from custody last Saturday.

It has been ascertained that organized bands of negroes are in existence in the country districts for hostile purposes, and to resist the execution of the laws. Sam Norman, a negro, was recently arrested in new Savannah, under circumstances which prove the existence of such organization.

The Latest News.

Rev. Maxwell P. Gaddis, formerly Revenue Assessor of the second Ohio district, has been arrested in Cincinnati for complicity in defrauding the government.

Charles O. Andrews, book-keeper of the Chatham Bank in New York, has mysteriously disappeared.

By the burning of a spirit distillery in Buda, Hungary, fifteen persons were burned to ashes.

The Fenians are returning helter-skelter from the Canada raid, and the movement has been abandoned.

A resolution to adjourn *sine die*, on the 13th of June, has been introduced in the Tennessee Legislature.

The mortality of the negroes in Charleston is three times greater than that of the whites.

Ladies who refuse to tell the census-takers their age will be fined $30.

It is said Cahoon's majority in the Richmond election is 275 votes.

The impression that the entire Presbyterian body in the United States is now consolidated is erroneous.

The negro cadet, Howard, from Mississippi, now at West Point, creates a tremendous sensation in that classic academy. He will be sent back in July.

A serious change of palace administration, if not of corruption, is made against Postmaster-General Creswell, by some of the leading envelope manufacturers of the United States.

Count Bismarck has made proposals to the great Powers that they take joint action for the suppression of piracy in Chinese waters.

It is proposed to build a new railroad line from Baltimore to Chicago.

The Emperor of Brazil has advised the emancipation of slaves in that country.

Malone, the present headquarters of the Fenian invaders of Canada, is the capital of Franklin county, New York, and the largest village in the county.

General Thomas D. Arnold, the oldest member of the bar in Tennessee, died last Wednesday, in Jonesboro, East Tennessee.

The Synod of the Reformed Presbyterian Church, now in session in New York, has revised the new covenant. It denounces atheists, bewails the prevalence of crime, asserts that Presbyterianism is the only divinely instituted form of church government, discountenances secret orders, condemns Popery and Spiritualism, and conforms its belief to the Westminster catechism.

The Presbyterian General Assembly at Louisville has ordered the Committee on Foreign Correspondence to draft an expository letter to the churches respecting their relations to the Northern Church. Dr. Palmer, of New Orleans, is chairman of the committee. A favorable account has also been presented to the General Assembly concerning the state of religion within the bounds of the Southern Presbyterian Church. Fifty-two Presbyteries have been heard from.

Fair farming land in California is worth from $35 to $100 per acre.

The bookkeeper of Barnum Bros. in St. Louis absconded recently with $4,000. Isaac Hockadey, a traveling agent for large wholesale houses in St. Louis, has absconded, in Texas, with $40,000 of his employer's money.

Mr. John Broughton, of Macon, the gentleman recently shot by his brother-in-law, H. G. Ross, died of his wound on Saturday. He was buried Sunday morning, the firemen of the city attending his funeral.

The Board of Delegates of the American Israelites, recently in session in New York, adjourned on the 25th. The convention passed resolutions recommending the support of the Israelite community be given to Maimonide's College, Philadelphia. A plan was adopted for the printing and circulation of Jewish publications.

Hoge, charged with murder, was found not guilty on Saturday, in the Bibb county Superior Court, now in session in Macon.

The Regatta closed in Savannah on Saturday night. The "Queen" won the champion pennant. A grand tub race closed the affair.

OUR WASHINGTON LETTER.

Congressional Funnyisms—Legislative Work—Bullock vs. Hill—A Piece of Fact—The Georgia Bill—Minor Topics.

Special Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.]

WASHINGTON, May 28, 1870.

CONGRESS CONDENSED.

Nothing of special note in the Senate proceedings Thursday.

Yesterday, certain amendments to the Legislative Appropriation bill being under discussion, the Capitol-movers (who were, on this occasion, represented by Yates and Harlan,) got a black eye. By a vote of 42 to 10 an appropriation was made for extending the Capitol-grounds.

The next amendment received was that of Mr. Sumner, appropriating $100,000 for an expedition in the interests of science to the North Pole.

Mr. Saulsbury moved to amend the amendment by adding "with a view of discovering said pole, measuring it, and bringing it to this country, if practicable." [Great laughter.]

Mr. Drake. For a liberty pole.

Mr. Sawyer. Is this expedition to proceed until it discovers where the parallels of latitude meet? [Laughter.]

Mr. Cole said the recent Alaska treaty with Russia had given us a kind of title to the North Pole. The expedition would be of much advantage to science, and would help to open up a great commerce for the country. There are immense quantities of whales, seals, fish, etc., in that region, and a great trade will spring up.

Mr. Patterson suggested to Mr. Saulsbury that the North Pole could be used as a fishing pole, and bring in all these fish.

Mr. Saulsbury. Or it could be used to knock down persimmons. [Laughter.]

Mr. Howard thought we had got whale enough when we got Alaska, and he did not intend to vote for any more whales.

Some further debate ensued, in the course of which it was stated that animal life abounded in the Arctic regions; that probably nine thousand of our citizens were engaged in whaling, fishing, etc., in those waters; that from ignorance of the locality many vessels were lost; and that among other important advantages to inure from the expedition would be to obtain an accurate knowledge of the waters.

Mr. Saulsbury then withdrew his amendment, and the bill was ordered to be engrossed and read a third time.

An amendment was also adopted, providing that female clerks, counters, etc., shall receive the same payment as males performing similar service.

In the evening session some routine business was disposed of, and a bill passed to provide a government for the District of Columbia.

The House on Thursday, after four hours voting, passed the Northern Pacific Railway bill—a job of the hugest dimensions.

Yesterday the House elected one Wallace, Radical, a member from the fourth district of South Carolina. The people of the district had elected Simpson, a Democrat.

The Conference report on the bill to enforce the Fifteenth Amendment was then adopted by a strict party vote.

Both Houses have been in session to-day, and have disposed of as fair amount of business.

The House had Schenck's tax bill under discussion and reduced the tax on the gross receipts of theatres to one per cent.

BULLOCK'S SLANDERS.

In the letter recently published by Georgia's carpet-bag Governor, occurs the following passage:

"I have said these assaults have a common origin. So far as the assaults which have been made here are concerned, they are directly traceable to Joshua Hill. As to the motives of Mr. Hill, it is well known that he is one of the Senators elected by the Legislature which retained in its organization the thirty or more disqualified men, all of whom voted for Mr. Hill, and afterwards expelled its colored members, and that the adoption or the rejection of the amendment asked for by his Democratic constituents will effect favorably or unfavorably the legitimacy of his election. And it is equally as well known, that while he claims special consideration for having been opposed to secession and a Union man at the outbreak of the rebellion, yet during the height of the contest he was a candidate for Governor of Georgia, and published a letter during that candidacy in which he denounced Mr. Lincoln as an Abolitionist, stating that he believed that the war was being prosecuted for the abolition of slavery; that he wanted and would have no restoration of the Union under such circumstances; that he did not oppose the administration of Jeff Davis or the prosecution of the war; on the contrary, that the best blood of his kindred had been shed in the contest, and that he had not denied them his support. It is also well known that, since the close of the war, he has not in any way publicly supported the reconstruction measures of Congress, but, on the contrary, has expressed himself in opposition to the enfranchisement of the negro. It is also a fact not so well known that a man living in Georgia, who named his child John Wilkes Booth in honor of the assassin of our martyred President; a man who, according to the affidavit of two responsible witnesses, said that "he would cut Bullock's heart out before he should ever be allowed to take his seat as Governor," and who, when an order was issued by the military for his arrest, escaped from Georgia and came to Washington, and is now here, as I understand, prosecuting a claim for cotton taken by the United States during the rebellion, and who, by his own repeated statement, is a member of the Ku-Klux organization—this man, *with this record*, made an application for the removal of his political disabilities; and this written application bears the favorable indorsement and recommendation of Mr. Joshua Hill, who in his indorsement says that he has known him for many years as a reliable and worthy citizen, and hopes that his political disabilities may be removed by act of Congress. Mr. Hill was a member of Congress before the rebellion; he sought office under a State in hostility to the United States, and gave aid and comfort to its enemies; yet in a published letter he admits having twice taken the *test oath!* Such is the record of the gentleman whose "high patriotism" seems to commend itself to the favorable attention of certain Senators."

Mr. Hill is abundantly able to defend himself, if he deems it worth his while to heed the slanders of such a creature as Bullock. I have reproduced this extract principally because of its reference to another citizen of Georgia, known to the readers of THE CONSTITUTION, who was assailed by Senator Morton, not long ago, in language almost identical with that now made use of by Bullock. Their object in this unwarrantable abuse of a gentleman is not precisely clear; and delivered as it is from behind the shield of their official positions, it must strike every one as showing a most contemptible and cowardly spirit.

THE CHRONICLE'S CIRCULATION.

Bullock's Washington organ has always been considered a rich concern; it has been on the market for some time, without finding a purchaser, and but for lobby jobs would have been dead long ago. In his testimony before the Senate Judiciary Committee, D. C. Forney stated that, including the five thousand extra copies ordered by Bullock, the whole edition of the Chronicle of April 18th was "about fourteen thousand." Wm. Althause, mail clerk, testified that the edition on that day was seventeen to eighteen reams, or 8,160 or 8,640 sheets; also, that the regular daily edition is under four thousand copies. So that Forney makes the edition of the Chronicle on the 18th of April six thousand copies larger than the mail clerk, and the regular edition between five and six thousand larger than this employee declared it to be. As both were under oath, the variance is somewhat remarkable, to say the least.

THE GEORGIA BILL.

Beast Butler returned to Washington from Massachusetts on Thursday last, but has made no effort to report the Georgia bill. He has been busily engaged, however, every day since his return in lobbying among members. Mr. Bingham will attempt to defeat the present dilatory programme of the extremists, by introducing on Tuesday next a resolution calling upon the Reconstruction Committee to report the Georgia bill at once. The Bullock lobby, not anticipating anything of the kind, have scattered, but will return, no doubt, if Mr. Bingham's resolution prevails.

MERE MENTION.

The Cabinet discussed Fenianism yesterday.

The President has recovered from his attack of cholera morbus.

The members of the Bullock lobby have scattered in various directions, but will eventually meet in an unmentionable place.

The weather for the past few days has been perfectly horrible—cold, windy and rainy. Fires have been relighted, and overcoats are again in brisk demand: umbrellas, ditto. ARGUS.

The Georgia Bullock.

The Chicago Times, of the 26th, thus notices editorially this notorious official:

"Bullock, of Georgia, has written a letter to the Republican members of Congress, saying the charges against him are the result of the machinations of Joshua Hill, whom he denounces as a secessionist. As Joshua Hill was an unflinching Union man in the darkest days of our civil war, Bullock's denunciation of him will have no effect with men who know Bullock.

It is about time the latter was "squelched," and Congress cannot better commend itself to honest members of the Republican party than by putting its heel on this demagogue and knave. He is an object of detestation to all men who respect propriety and honesty in official life, and the continuance of him in office as Governor is an outrage.

The investigation into his attempt to bribe Senators presented ample proof that he employed others to make the attempt, and this alone should procure his instant dismissal. If Georgia be a provisional government, Congress can dismiss him. If the government be not a provisional one, why is not the State admitted to representation in Congress? Congress is responsible for Bullock, and stands as the indorser of his scandalous career.

☞ Swell (with black neck-tie): Yaas—you see, ol' fellow, since those confounded cleavages ceased to be the law—cut white ties; also dressed pa'wants to be taken for one of the new patent detectives—Mr. Sawyer was consulted in by—[you'll know—aw.

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may28-d1m J. J. MORRISON, Proprietor.

☞ City papers copy to the amount of five dollars and send bill to J. J. M.

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ANGELICA, Hock, Claret, and other grades of California Wines and choice Liquors. Come and try it. JACOB MORRIS,

Hunter, between Broad and Whitehall Sts.

apr26-d1m

Notice to Contractors.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received until the first day of June, for the building of a new Church, located on the Georgia Railroad, one-half mile from the corporate limits of the city. The specification and drawing can be seen at the office of C. P. Akers, on Whitehall street, over Bradfield's Drug Store.

C. P. AKERS, Chairman,
JOHN W. HURST, } Building
JAMES R. MAYSON, } Committee.
Dr. JOSEPH JONES,

may19-dtf

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may7—

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apr13 3mos

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IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUROS,

Nos. 23, 25 and 27 Sycamore Street,

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ROBERT WOOD & CO.,

Philadelphia Ornamental

IRON WORKS,

GARDEN AND CEMETERY ADORNMENTS,

CAST, WROUGHT IRON AND WIRE RAILINGS,

FOUNTAINS, VASES, VERANDAS,

Settees, Arbors, Chairs, Summer Houses,

IRON STAIRS,

Spiral and straight, in every variety of pattern. New and improved styles of Hay Racks, Mangers, Stable Fixtures, Stall Divisions, etc.

PATENT WIRE WORK,

Railings, Store Fronts, Door and Window Guards, Farm Fencing, etc.

BRONZE WORK.

Having fitted up our Foundry with special reference to the above class of work, we are now prepared to fill with promptness all orders for Bronze Castings of Statuary, colossal, heroic and life-size.

ORNAMENTAL IRON GOODS.

The largest assortment to be found in the United States, all of which are executed with the express view of pleasing the taste, while they combine all the requisites of beauty and substantial construction.

Purchasers may rely on having all articles carefully boxed and shipped to the place of destination.

Designs will be sent to those who wish to make a selection.

apr 5-d6m

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BUCHANAN & CO.,

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LIQUOR DEALERS,

Nos. 9 and 12 Public Landing,

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Proprietors of the celebrated brands of Wilshire and Orange Grove Whiskies.

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TO THE MERCHANTS OF ATLANTA.

The Atlantic and Gulf

FREIGHT AND PASSENGER

LINE!

STARTING from Savannah, connects at Jesup with the Macon and Brunswick Railroad, at Macon with the Macon and Western Railroad, and at Atlanta with the various Roads diverging from this city, forming an unbroken line from the seaboard to all points in Middle and Upper Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas and Tennessee.

☞ EXPRESS FREIGHT TRAINS RUN THROUGH DAILY FROM SAVANNAH. ☜

NO BREAKAGE OF BULK.

Through rates given and Bills of Lading signed from Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore and Savannah, at the very lowest published rates. Quick Time, Low Rates, and Prompt Settlements for loss or damage occurring on the line. Consignees can, on arrival of freight, call on or address your correspondents to ship via Atlantic and Gulf Railroad Agent, Savannah, Ga."

Call on Mr. H. F. CLARK, Agent of the Macon and Western Railroad, for the latest published Tariff of Rates and Classification of Freights, to Atlanta.

The General Agent cordially invites his Atlanta friends, who may visit New York, to call at the office of the Line—they will find a desk at their service and Atlanta papers on file.

H. G. COZZENS, Gen'l Agt.,
29 Broadway, cor. Rector st.,
Pier adjoining Albion, New York.

feb15-d6m New York, February 1, 1870.

THE WORLD'S WONDER.

DR. ABBETT'S ANTI-DYSPEPTIC

—OR—

LIVER MEDICINE

A SAFE and certain cure for all kinds of Liver Complaints, and all diseases and indispositions that originate from a diseased state or inactivity of the Liver, such as

Chronic and Acute Inflammations of the Liver,

Dyspepsia, Sick Headache,

Sourness of the Stomach,

Loss of Appetite,

Lowliness of Spirits, Colic,

Costiveness, Fever, Ague,

Bilious Fever, Dropsy and Jaundice.

These Medicines are purely Vegetable, and perfectly harmless; but their efficacy is too permanently established in all the Southern and Western States to require any further recommendations. The wise will not fail to give them a fair trial—this is all that is asked.

LAGRANGE, GA., DEC. 3, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER, West Point, Ga. Gentlemen: Having witnessed almost daily, for the last fifteen years, the great efficacy of the preparation you are now putting up, known as "Abbett's Medicine," it affords me pleasure to state that I know of no combinations or preparation equal to it in the treatment of Liver Diseases of whatever character, and would cordially recommend it to all who are suffering from derangement of the Liver, and especially the Dyspeptic.

I am, very respectfully,
T. S. BRADFIELD, Druggist.

WEST POINT, GA., OCT. 15, 1869.

MESSRS. CRAWFORD & WALKER: Gentlemen—I can honestly and confidently recommend L. B. Abbett's Liver or Dyspeptic Medicine, as prepared by you, to the favorable notice of the suffering public. Having used this Medicine myself in my family for twenty years, I can highly recommend it for removing pain or flatulency from the stomach, caused by indigestion. It also has a happy effect in removing constipation of the bowels. I believe it to be the best universal remedy the world has yet discovered for the above named diseases. With my best wishes to you in introducing this valuable Medicine to the public, I remain, Yours, truly, A. K. KENDRICK.

PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, General Agents, Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by Druggists everywhere.

CRAWFORD & WALKER, Prop'rs,
nov21-d1y West Point, Ga.

LIPPMAN'S GREAT GERMAN BITTERS,

TONIC, INVIGORANT,

—AND—

PALATABLE STIMULANT.

BY far the best and purest preparation in the world for Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite, Liver Complaint; a sure preventive for Fever and Ague, Bilious, Remittent and Intermittent Fevers.

LIPPMANN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Medicinal Cordial, possessing powerful alterative, anti-bilious and invigorating properties, that can be taken by old or young, male or female, with benefical results.

FOR FEMALES,

LIPPMAN'S BITTERS are invaluable. They build up the system, bring health and bloom to the cheek of the invalids. As a remedy for nervous wakefulness, to which females are especially subject, they are fast superseding all other stimulants.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are a Cordial for the aged, and a sure protection against malarious districts. Persons living in damp and malarious climates will find these Bitters a valuable remedy; a small dose taken occasionally, will prevent many day's and, perhaps week's of sickness.

No License at all necessary to sell these Bitters.

SAVANNAH, GA., March 16, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Savannah, Ga.:

GENTS: I have before me your esteemed letter of the 14th instant, containing various documents relative to your German Bitters. After a careful examination, I must confess that your Bitters is really what you represent it to be, an old German recipe of Dr. Mischerlich, of Berlin, Prussia, and is a valuable remedy for Dyspepsia, general debility and nervous diseases, and it is a good preventive of Chills and Fevers. I find it to be the most delightful and pleasant stomachic.

I remain, yours truly,
[Signed] AUG. P. WETTER.

KIRKLAND MILLS, GA., March 22, 1870.

MESSRS. JACOB LIPPMAN & BRO., Druggists, Savannah, Ga.:

GENTLEMEN: I have introduced your Great German Bitters here, to my customers and friends, and I find a better sale for them than any I have ever kept before. Those who have tried them, approve of them very highly, and I do not hesitate in saying that they are far superior in value to any other Bitters now in use.

Yours, respectfully,
[Signed] W. KIRKLAND.

LIPPMAN'S Great German Bitters,

Are sold by

DRUGGISTS AND DEALERS GENERALLY,

And are prepared in the Laboratory of the

WHOLESALE DRUG HOUSE

—OF—

Jacob Lippman & Bro.,

SAVANNAH, GA.

B. F. WYLY,
Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

may15-d1y

Agents Wanted Everywhere.

AGENTS can make from $25 to $100 per week in selling Gong Door Bells for Dwellings. Address, J. F. HAYS,

may26-d1w Atlanta, Ga.

Wide Awake! Wide Awake!

TO THE CITIZENS OF ATLANTA.

WE are now prepared to make BOOTS and SHOES of all descriptions, to order. If you want Patent Leather, Cork-soles, Box-toed, Water-proof, Light Stitch or Pumps of the finest French Calf-skin, we will furnish them to you at short notice and warrant the fit. The soles are made of the finest English Oak Leather and Fancy Gaiters of all essorted no mold for gentlemen in the most approved style. Call and see us at our Shop, on Fryor street, in front of the Theatre, if you want the finest and best fitting Boots in the city.

WANTED—Five first-class Boot Makers. None others need apply. C. HUGHES & SON.

apr2— jan22-d1y

NOTICE.

THIS is to notify the public that I hereby consent for my wife, Mary Elizabeth P. Oglesby, to become a Public or Free Trader, liable as a feme sole, for all her contracts, to make and enforce the same in her own name, as if unmarried.

F. OGLESBY.

apr28-d3m

WE are receiving large lots Corn and Country Produce. Also, keep on hand Clay's Old Kentucky Whiskies, and solicit orders and consignments. W. L. CLAY & CO.,

mar18-d1f No. 1, Granite Block, Broad Street, Atlanta, Ga.

WILLIS P. CHISOLM. B. D. SMITH. J. H. CHISOLM

J. H. BARRETT, AUCTIONEER.

CHISOLM, SMITH & CO., Real Estate Agents, Auction and Commission Merchants, will make advances on consignments of Goods to sell at Auction. Will furnish Laborers and hands for Railroad Cont

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

OFFICIAL JOURNAL OF THE CITY,

THE LARGEST CITY, COUNTY AND STATE CIRCULATION.

DEFIES REFUTATION

BY W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.

I. W. AVERY, Editor.

MORNING EDITION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 1.

Supreme Court Decisions.

A few pamphlets left of the above. Lawyers, send in your orders to this office.

Trade with China.

In the last sixteen years this country has spent sixty-eight millions of specie in China, while China in three years has bought less than four millions dollars of trade from us.

A Coincidence.

An Irishman named Duffy has just died in Austria, who was a prominent leader of the "Young Ireland" party in 1848. A large number of letters were found in his mattress from Smith O'Brien, Mazzini, Garibaldi, and others.

This seems a coincidence in connection with the present Fenian movement.

The International Typographical Union.

The International Typographical Union will meet in Convention at Cincinnati on Monday next, June the sixth.

The Delegate from Atlanta to the Convention leaves to-night.

The Census.

We publish to-day the complete schedules of the census embracing the census of the people, the mortuary record, the production of agriculture, the products of industry—manufactures and the social statistics.

Many annoyances, and much unnecessary trouble, will be avoided by our people, if the requirements of the law are thoroughly understood by all, and on this account we consider the article well worthy the consideration of our readers.

The refusal to comply with the requirements of the law, and notwithstanding the information sought for by the official census-takers, is punishable by a heavy fine, and a careful reading of this article will post our readers thoroughly concerning the questions to be asked.

Wheat.

Mr. Legoyt, chief of the department of general statistics of France, in an interesting report published in 1868, upon the agriculture of France at different periods, says that the increase in the production of wheat in 1862, compared with 1840, was thirty-three per cent., and the decrease in the production of rye twenty-five per cent. In the same period the average yield of wheat per acre increased from 13.9 to 16.3 bushels, and potatoes were more largely cultivated by thirty-four per cent.

A reference to official customs statistics will show that Great Britain and her colonies constitute our main reliance for a market of our surplus wheat. Few may be aware how small the quantity taken by other countries actually is. The amount of wheat exported in the fiscal year ending June 31, 1868, was 15,940,899 bushels; of this but three per cent. (461,198 bushels) failed to reach British or colonial territory. The paucity of these exportations illustrates the futility of attempting to grow grain to feed the millions of Europe and Asia, as follows: France, 260,763 bushels; Portugal, 83,190; Belgium, 34,726; China, 29,882; Venezuela, 23,364; Peru, 20,289; Holland, 7,000; Phillippine Islands, 1,119; Cuba, 560; Dutch West Indies, 400; Mexico, 5 bushels—total, 461,198 bushels. The practical deduction from these figures is, that there is but one country in the world to which we can look for a market for wheat, and to that one only for a small portion of her supply, and that portion at prices competing with the markets of the entire globe.

The prices of 1869, as compared with those of 1868, represent a reduction in the aggregate sent to Great Britain of eight millions of dollars. If, as is asserted, the prices of exports control domestic prices, the reduction of the value of the home consumption is equivalent to far more than the amount received from the entire exports of 1869, and the farmers would have received more money if this surplus had been allowed to rot. While low prices are not regarded as an unmixed evil, the present depression of the wheat market is shown to be a natural result, in part at least, of over-production, for which farmers have only themselves to blame. It is better to have abundance than scarcity, for the present good of consumers and the ultimate advantage of producers themselves; but when all other farm industries are neglected for one favorite crop, the resultant depression and discontent should be attributed to its proper cause, and not to taxation or other political influences.

More Rampage.

The war-spirit seems tolerably spluttering. Every day we have some new case of pugnacity. Whole ink-pots are shed, and pens brandished with savage fury. Challenges litter the atmosphere and darken the air like a flock of black birds. The code sails triumphantly aloft, occasionally squelching down. The bellicosity inaugurated by the editors seems to have spread. But dispite all the bluster, it appears impossible to get up a fight. One or the other is a non-combatant. A lucky quibble hops in and saves blood. It is managed in some way or other for the antagonists to be conveniently suited to ultimate pacification, or else a square back-out on heroic technicalities, or immutable principles of religious cowardice.

The McCreery-Stevenson affair has got where McCreery is let out, and a certain Colonel Jones, Congressman from Kentucky, has fired a seven-column sockdologer at Stevenson, denouncing him as a liar, coward and slanderer. And Colonel Jones furthermore is said to be on his way to Kentucky to get up a fight, while Governor Stevenson is said to be gallantly resolute in his determination to keep his piety inviolate, and to enter into a mutual shooting game under no circumstances.

It seems that Stevenson claims that Jones first told him that McCreery had endorsed General Burbridge, and Jones denies it.

Next we have Colonel Washington, a Washington correspondent of the New York World, and one Hutchins, a follower of Governor Bullock. The Savannah Advertiser says Hutchins submitted quietly, in Savannah, to having his face slapped. Washington cursed him, and he sought redress, but could get no one to take a challenge, so that affair is halted untimely. Pity that a blood-thirsty soul should thus impatiently hanker for a fight.

The next case on docket is General Magruder and Senator Cameron. Cameron made a misrepresentation in Congress of Magruder's method of leaving the United States army to join the Confederacy. Magruder rushes into print with a genuine Columbiad, pronouncing Cameron's statement "a monstrous, malicious, reckless and infamous lie," and benevolently offering to be responsible for his tart talk. Of course old Cameron won't ask him to be responsible. The old soul is said to be a great scamp, but he gets very pious about fighting time. His stomach is totally unsuited to villainous bullets. That diet disagrees with his amiable digestion. Cameron's forte is lofty scorn. The amount of silent disdain he will blaze away at Magruder will be a caution to Crockett.

Thus they wag. Either the fighting ones judiciously pick non-combatant foemen, or else piety is about to start an era of true peace, when roses can be pulled with delicious impunity, when the true salve for sick honor is a poultice of greenbacks, say $25.000 or so, and when the richest felicity of courageous manhood will be insult and contumely. Broken heads will then be known no more. The craven's tameness will become the highest virtue of chivalry, and all difficulties will be nobly settled by an inoffensive exchange of mud, in which the expertest mud-slinger will win the meed of admiration, and purify himself in proportion as he daubs his enemy.

Cut to the Quick.

Congressman Potter, of New York, in the debate in the House on Friday, on the bill to enforce the 15th Amendment, thus excoriated the Radical policy in the South. His views are very refreshing. He cuts to the bone. We commend his remarks to Governor Bullock:

Sir, we are told the South is disloyal and disturbed. Pray whose fault is this if it be so? It is now five years since the war was over. Five years since this government administered by the party in power, became absolutely conquerors of that country. Five years since that people submitted absolutely and unconditionally to our rule. If in all these years the rulers have failed to restore peace and prosperity to the South; *if there still exists there a general sense of outrage and wrong and that insecurity and disturbance which always attend wrong and outrage, does it not establish the errors of our government and the blunders of our rule?* Can these evils be cured; can the South be restored to whatever prosperity and security may be wanting, without moderation and justice? Will this bill, ingeniously contrived as I think to enable the party in power to manipulate the black race for their purposes, effect it? Such has not been the teaching of the past. All history testifies to the wisdom of extending justice and clemency to the vanquished. It has been reserved for the model republic in our day to be wanting in these wise and godlike qualities.

Sir, does it not seem absurd for gentlemen on the other side of the Chamber to talk of securing the purity and freedom of elections in the South. *When has their party desired freedom of elections there, or recognized the choice of the people after they have made their choice?* Have not men been excluded ever since the war from suffrage, and the choice of persons for office, who could not take a certain test oath? Have not men been admitted to seats in this House who were not and could with no propriety be regarded as the selection of the majority of the people they claim to represent? *If we are to have free elections, why should not those opposed to this form of Government be as free to vote as those in favor of it? Why this continual cry of loyalty and disloyalty, as if, in a Government whose fundamental principle it is that all its just powers are derived from the consent of the governed, any man owed allegiance to the doctrines of any other man or set of men?*

DEDICATION.

The Decoration at Marietta.

Editors Constitution: There are associations connected with the grave of the soldier which always inspires one with respect for the spot. The "resting place" of the soldier is, with the brave, generous and noble, hallowed ground. Hence the announcement that the graves of the Federal soldiers would be decorated by their comrades and friends, was regarded by the Southron as "meet, right and proper." Every Southern soldier expected that the Federal soldier or union man in the war should decorate the graves of their fellow comrades and friends, and express by their presence and in befitting words, respect and honor to their memory. Silence, respectful silence, was the part of the Southern man, for with no animosity in his heart against the dead, there was none to speak, and the Southern gentleman is too brave, generous and noble to throw a straw in the way, or give a look that would interfere in the least with the ceremonies of such an occasion.

The predominant color was decidedly black. A company or more of soldiers dressed in blue—well dressed—well behaved—well their bearing soldierly. Next came what are known as the carpet-baggers—conspicuous in their demonstrations—then their Southern confreres, and a sorry looking set they seemed. We think the Federal soldier was ashamed of his company—and we do verily believe that if the dead could have risen, they would have kicked them off the ground. To get a crowd—*nobody did it*, but the darkey heard that he would have to pay a fine of forty dollars if he worked on the "30th" or failed to be present—and if he went he would have a *free* ride and good dinner. The dinner didn't come. The butcher was out of meat and the baker not at home. There was also quite a crowd of white boys. They chuckled over a free ride on the road—but cussed their traveling companions.

The deportment of the Federal soldiers was such on this occasion as to command the respect of all.

Taking the Census.

The division of the country into subdistricts and the appointments for taking the census are at last completed, and the work will be commenced Wednesday, June 1, throughout the nation.

The forms prepared for the purpose include five schedules, as follows:

1. The census of the people.
2. The mortuary record.
3. The productions of agriculture.
4. The products of industry—manufactures.
5. Social statistics.

Census.—This schedule requires the dwelling houses and out-buildings to be numbered in the order of visitation, with the name of every person who was a member of the family on the 1st day of June, 1870; age at the last birth-day; sex; color, distinguished by white, black, mulatto, Chinese and Indian; profession, occupation and trade of each person; value of real and personal estate owned by each; place of birth, and also that of the parents; if born within the year, the month of birth to be given; if married within the year, the month of marriage; the number of the family who attended school within the year; how many cannot read or cannot write; whether deaf, dumb, blind, insane or idiotic; number of male citizens whose right to vote is denied on other grounds than rebellion or crime.

Mortality.—This schedule begins with the number of the family, as given in the first schedule, and follows with the name of every person of each family who died during the year ending June 1, 1870; age, sex, color, married or widowed, place of birth, parentage, native or foreign; the month of death, profession, trade or occupation, disease or cause of death.

Agriculture.—This schedule requires the name of the agent, owner or manager of each farm; acres of land, with the acres of improved, of woodland, and unimproved; present cash value of the farm; value of agricultural machinery; total of wages paid during the year, including value of board; number of horses; ditto of mules and asses; ditto of milch cows; working oxen; other cattle; sheep; swine; value of all live stock; bushels of wheat, spring and winter; ditto rye, Indian corn, oats, barley, buckwheat; pounds of rice; ditto of tobacco; bales of cotton; pounds of wool; bushels of peas and beans; ditto Irish and sweet potatoes; value of orchard products; gallons of wine; products of market gardens; dairy products; pounds of butter and cheese; milk sold; tons of hay; bushels of clover and grass seed; pounds of hops; tons of hemp; pounds of flax; bushels of flax-seed; pounds of silk cocoons; pounds of maple and cane sugar; gallons of molasses; pounds of beeswax and honey; forest products; value of home manufacturers; value of animals slaughtered and sold for slaughter; value of all farm products, including betterments and additions to stock.

Manufactures.—This schedule requires the name of the corporation, company or individual producing to the value of $500 annually; kind of business; capital invested; kind of power, steam, water, wind, horse or hand; if steam or water, number of horse-power; description of machines used, with the number of; average number of hands employed, males above sixteen, females above fifteen, children and youth; total amount paid in wages during the year; number of months in active operation, part time reduced to full time; material used, including mill supplies and fuel, kinds and qualities, with the total value; productions, kinds, qualities, with the value thereof.

Social.—This schedule requires the amount of real estate and of personal estate in each district, with the mode of valuation and the true valuation separately given; county, city, township, parish and borough debts of all kinds; the number of native and foreign paupers, separately distinguished into white, black, and the total cost thereof; number of native and foreign criminals in prison June 1st, 1870, distinguished by white and black; State, town, city, court, church, Sabbath school, circulating and private libraries; wages of farm labor per month and by the year, and board, with day wages with and without board; average wages to female domestics, and the average price of board to the laboring man per week; universities, colleges and academies in law, medicine and theology, technological, schools of mining, of art and music, commercial and military; public schools, normal, high, grammar, graded common, ungraded common, with the day and boarding private schools, parochial and charity schools; number of teachers in each school, average number of pupils, income from endowment, taxation, public funds and other sources, including tuition; newspapers and periodicals, with name and character, how often published, and average circulation; number of church organizations and church buildings, denominations, number of persons which the churches of each denomination will accommodate, and the value of church property.

Such are the facts which all our people will soon be called upon to report. No one need consider the assistant marshal impertinent in any inquiries for these facts, as the law makes it his duty to carefully and fully obtain them. It is for the general good that they are called for, and we hope that the ninth census report will be more reliable than either of the preceding reports.

OUR PARIS LETTER.

May in Paris—Religious Ceremonials—The Feast of Confirmation—Something About the Fashions—Parisian Chit-chat.

European Correspondence Atlanta Constitution.]

PARIS, May 6, 1870.

The month of May is anything but merry this year. It is the month of flowers—on this occasion it is the month of *bombes*. The weather is warm, but harsh. It is also the "month of Mary," and when the rites of the Church relax their severity for those mild and tender, the altars of the various chapels are piled with the choicest flowers, and from the palace to the porter's lodge, private altars, decorated with flowers, are raised to the "Virgin"—the patron saint of purity and innocence—and before which every visitor is supposed to recite a *pater noster*. Beside the household altar is a box for offerings—the contents when not handed over to charity, are devoted to purchase some souvenir for the children. It is at this period young France is confirmed. It is regarded by parents as an event, a fete, with a dash of solemnity. I entered a chapel a few days ago to hear the exhortations addressed to the prospective communicants. A venerable priest, whose once manly voice had "turned again to the childish treble," was addressing his listeners as a "dying man to dying men." He exalted the Virgin, and somewhat overlooked her son. He told his flock that Napoleon the First ever regarded his confirmation as his *premier jour de bonheur*. I gathered also, that Mary was married at thirteen years of age, was then an orphan and that she died at the age of sixty-five, in the fiftieth year of our era, preserving still her remarkable beauty, and that she was born in the month of September, the same being the month when Eve was created.

Every effort is made, even by the poorest of mothers, to dress out her children for the rite of confirmation. The girls are decked like brides, whose wreaths of white lilac, or lily of the valley, takes the place of the orange blossoms, and tulle and lace modestly drape the young innocent. After the ceremony a certificate of the rite is given, and this is framed and glazed, and hung on the wall amidst the humble gallery of chromo-lithographs of Saints, sinners, love scenes, and battle pieces. I have never yet observed the same religious charter so preserved for the boys. The latter attend confirmation in gala dress also—white vest and trousers, black coat, kids, patent boots, a lighted taper-missel, and a five franc piece in a special purse for the priest. Thanks to the accommodating industry of France, the dresses for these occasions can be hired out as brides do their veils, robes and orange-flowers. grief its sable black, pleasure its masks and costumes, and actresses their wardrobes and diamonds.

Paris speaks a little of picrate of potash, Greek fire, and fulminating shells, but the fair sex are not much disturbed, for the milliners' shops are not mined, and the warehouses, full of spring novelties, are bomb-proof. The aristocratic Faubourg of St. Germain has adopted a new mourning hood, in memory of, and called after, the Duchess of Berry—just as formerly, when the Porte St. Martin theatre was burned, the ladies patronized robes of coleur de feu—and the fair aristocrats, after praying for the repose of the Duchess' soul, step out for home, "like an Andulasian girl from mass returning," protected by "Jeames," but follow by the eyes and sighs of the male sex. An attempt has been made to supersede knots of waist ribbons, by buckles, but has failed, and I swear by Mahomet, long robes have not become shorter by an inch, and paniers are as full as ever they were.

The Paris season is drawing to a close, but some jolly scrap parties can be found, and despite the volcanoes, dancing goes on lively.

Vivier is the most magical of horn-blowers. With his instrument he transports us into fairy-land, where we can hear the breeze rustling among the leaves, and the rain dropping on the flowers—the hunter's sighs, as he bids his love adieu—the storm that rends the oak—the plaintive cry of the dying stag. He is a marvelous artiste to thus make us forget the everlasting Plebiscite, the lists of the proscribed, and the plans for blowing up the Copitol. Politics have invaded even the Green-room. Patti is declared to have gone in for the Radical ticket, while her husband subscribes to the Imperial platform. Madam Plessis is a Bonapartist to the tips of her fingers, but Mlle. Nilsson has not yet declared her sentiments. As the Emperor has presented her with a magnificent bracelet, perhaps it may melt her icy temperament if she be not squeamish about *timeo Danaos et dona ferentes*. Fauve, the prince of tenors, has met with a real proof of fraternity. In having the mud taken off his boots lately he offered payment to the shoe-black. The latter refused, alleging that between *confreres* nothing is taken for services rendered. "You, Monsieur, play the Kings at the Opera, I act the Monsters."

BOURRIEFF.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Special Telegram to The Constitution.]

Probabilities About the Georgia Bill.

WASHINGTON, May 31, 1870.

The House Reconstruction Committee held a special meeting on Thursday, for the consideration of the cases of Georgia and Tennessee. No quorum to-day. The opinion is gaining ground that the Georgia case will go over for the session.

ARGUS.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Congressional.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—In the House the bill to revise the navigation and commercial interests of the United States was taken up and the previous question ordered. The various amendments were voted on, and the House refused to order the bill to be engrossed for a third reading—yeas, 60; nays, 104.

Finally the bill was recommitted to the select committee.

The bill to reduce internal taxes was taken up and considered to the 16th section.

Without adopting any important amendment the House adjourned.

The Senate went into executive session at one o'clock on the consideration of the reciprocity treaty with the Sandwich Islands.

The Senate is in legislative session to-night.

The President leaves on Wednesday for a week's recreation in Pennsylvania.

The President has nominated Wm. M. Douglas, assessor, first Virginia District; J. J. Bowler, receiver of public moneys, Natchitoches, Louisiana.

Verdicts have been rendered against parties in Arkansas who brought manufactured tobacco from the Indian country, and sold it without paying tax.

Chief Red Cloud arrives to-morrow.

NEW YORK, May 31.—There is a break in the French cable about 295 miles east of the Massachusetts coast.

The French cable office has been moved to the Union Western Telegraph office. Competition ended.

The elevated railway successfully carried over the entire length, a car weighing 30,000 pounds. It will be open to the public this week.

The Colorado and City of Brooklyn brought 2,397 emigrants.

PHILADELPHIA, May 31.—The General Assembly adopted a report, strongly condemnatory of the exclusion of religious instruction or books from the public schools.

BOSTON, May 31.—A. A. Wallace, a well known journalist and for some years connected with the Associated Press here, is dead.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—The Assembly adopted a pastoral letter declaring that the obstructions preventing fellowship with Northern churches were not created by the Southern church, and they could not allow the Southern church to be placed in a false position. The Assembly adjourned to Huntsville, Alabama.

RICHMOND, May 31.—The Commissioners elected this morning gave certificates of their election to H. K. Ellyson, as Mayor, and the rest of the Conservative city ticket. The Republicans will contest the election before the Courts.

The policeman who assaulted Congressman Porter yesterday has been arrested and suspended from duty.

The crowd at the National Cemetery yesterday was very large, and to-day Hollywood Cemetery is filled with persons, decorating the graves of the Confederate soldiers.

NIGHT DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—The President to-day transmitted to the Senate a brief message on the San Domingo treaty, enclosing an additional article to the treaty, extending the time for ratification to the first of July. He suggests certain amendments which he deems it desirable that the Senate should incorporate into the treaty. These amendments it is proposed that the paragraph giving the United States a lien upon the public lands of the Republic as security for its undefined debt, shall be stricken out, and that the sum proposed to be paid for the Island—$1,500,000—shall be absolutely the entire amount to be paid by this Government.

It is also proposed that two commissioners shall be appointed, one by the Dominican Government and one by the United States, to receive this money, and to apply it to the extinguishment of the Dominican debt in the following manner:

1. To the payment of foreign governments who may have claims against the republic.

2. To the payment of individual creditors who may not be citizens of the republic.

3. To the extinguishment of the domestic debt.

Beyond this payment of $1,500,000, this government is not to be liable in any manner. This would leave the Dominicans at liberty to do as they please with their domestic debt—repudiate or not—but they express great confidence that this sum will not only enable them to liquidate all their indebtedness, but will leave them a balance of two or three hundred thousand dollars for the expenses of a territorial government.

The owners of large Mexican grants in North California, in order to encourage emigration, have thrown 50,000 acres of land in Shasta Valley, on the line of the California Railroad, into the market at three dollars per acre.

LOUISVILLE, KY., May 31.—The proceedings of the General Assembly yesterday were mainly confined to receiving reports of committees. The Committee on bills and overtures. In response to an inquiry whether members of the Campbellite church, wishing to become members of our church, and who had been baptized in the name of the Holy Trinity, should invariably be re-baptized, recommended baptism. The recommendation of the Committee was adopted.

ALBANY, May 31.—Colonel Leverich has been authorized by Governor Hoffman to proceed to Mslone immediately and furnish transportation home to all strangers in and about that place. Hon. William M. Tweed advances money, and authorizes Colonel Leverich to send home, at his expense, all belonging in New York City.

BOSTON, May 31.—George Seddons, lightweight prize-fighter, was sentenced to-day to six months' imprisonment in the house of correction, for fighting Tom Kelly at the Isle of Shoats.

SAN FRANCISCO, May 31.—The Boston excursionists have arrived.

The Fenian Council decided to accept no more subscriptions.

The editor of the Mazeppa, a flash paper, was fatally shot for a scurrilous article.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, May 31.—The weather for the past few days has been unusually dry and warm. The growing crops are already suffering for want of rain, and apprehensions of a serious drought are felt.

Advices from Bombay state that within a few days past, 31,000 bales of cotton were shipped to Europe by the way of the Suez Canal.

The House of Lords did not adjourn until a late hour this morning. A long, disjointed, and often violently personal debate occurred in the Committee on Admiralty Management, while the supply bill was under consideration. The appropriation was eventually carried by a small majority.

Advices from the west coast of Africa report a party of missionaries, consisting of Mr. and Mrs. Ramseyes, and Mr. Knobe and attendants, have been captured by Ashantees and taken to the interior.

The proposed race between the Tyne Waterman and St. John's crew, of New Brunswick, is to be rowed in September, on the St. Lawrence, near Lochine.

The new telegraphic cable from Falsmouth to Malta, has been successfully laid to Lisbon.

The new British iron clad, Sultan, left her dock at Portsmouth to-day and proceeded to sea on a trial trip.

The House of Lords to-day read, for the second time, the felony bill and adjourned.

PARIS, May 31.—Prince de Latour Dominique has accepted the appointment as French ambassador at Vienna, but is now ill with small-pox, and will be unable to proceed to his post for some time.

Members of the International Workingmen's Society, arrested at Lyons, were set free; but those arrested in Paris are still in prison.

Small-pox has broken out on board the yacht of Prince Napoleon.

FLORENCE, May 31.—The Government has determined on a thorough reorganization of the army. The work is to commence immediately, and the Minister of war expects to see it completed within a year. The Government is also making preparations for the construction of the St. Gothard Railway.

MAZATLAN, May 29.—The weather is extremely warm, which is attributed to the influence of the volcano, which is still in a state of violent eruption. The cotton crop is a total failure.

ST. ALBANS, May 31.—J. Boyle O'Reilly, of the Boston Pilots' Reporter, and who is said to be one of General O'Neil's officers, was to-day brought before United States Commissioner Rand, for complicity in the Fenian raid. No evidence being brought against him, he was discharged.

The remains of Some, who was killed at the Richard's Farm fight, was disinterred to-day, by consent of the Canadians, and forwarded to Burlington, where his mother resides. The body of O'Brien, killed in the same engagement, has also been forwarded to his friends. General Donnelly removed from Franklin to St. Albans this afternoon. He is under arrest at the Weldon House. Thomas Murphy, who was captured by the Canadians, is now in Sweetsburg jail, and he will, it is thought, be set at liberty at an early day, as no arms or papers were found on his person.

Thermometer 85 in the shade.

PARIS, May 31.—Twenty alleged regicides have been released. More are to be released.

Last night's session in the Corps Legislatif was mostly consumed in discussion of means to check the small-pox.

LONDON, May 31.—Serious troubles are reported in Liberia.

The President appointed an unsatisfactory officer, Collector and Post-master at Palenas. The people of Palenas threaten to secede.

COMMONWEALTH

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY,

178 Broadway, New York.

OFFICERS.

F. E. MORSE, Secretary. JOHN PIERPONT, President.
J. B. PEARSON, Vice President.

SPECIAL FEATURES:

All Policies issued by the Commonwealth are incontestable from date of issue, and are free from restrictions on travel.
It permits Residence anywhere without extra charge.
All Policies are non-forfeitable, and participate in the profits of the Company unless otherwise specified.
Dividends are declared annually upon all Policies that have been in force a full year, and are available on payment of the next annual premium.
DR. G. E. D. G. CRAWFORD, Medical Examiner.
G. I. THOMAS & SON,
Managers Southern Department, No. 82 Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.
☞ Liberal inducements to Agents and Solicitors.

FIRE INSURANCE.

Howard Insurance Company of New York.

Cash Capital $500,000; Surplus, $275,470 61; Total, $775,470 61.

CHARTERED IN 1825.

THEO. KEELER, Secretary, SAND. T. SKIDMORE, President.
WM. R. SKIDMORE, Assistant Secretary. HENRY A. OAKLEY, Vice Pres.

Virginia Home Insurance Company.

Invested Capital, $300,000; $30,000 State Bonds Deposited with Comptroller of the State of Georgia.

DAVID J. BURR, Secretary. D. I. HARTSOOK, President.

Buildings, Merchandise and Furniture insured against loss or damage by fire, in the above reliable Companies, on the most favorable terms. Losses equitably adjusted and promptly paid.

G. I. THOMAS & SON, Agents, No. 82 Whitehall St.

junel-d3m

New Advertisements.

GEORGIA, Campbell County.

To all whom it may concern: John M. Renfrow having, in proper form, applied to me for permanent Letters of Administration on the estate of Elizabeth Stewart, late of said county, deceased:

This is to cite all and singular, the creditors and next of kin of Elizabeth Stewart, to be and appear at my office within the time allowed by law, and show cause, if any they can, why permanent administration shall not be granted to John M. Renfrow on Elizabeth Stewart's estate.

Witness my hand and official signature, May 30, 1870. E. C. BEAVERS,
junel Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Gwinnett County.

WHEREAS, William B. Pharo having applied to me for letters of Administration with the will annexed, on the estate of Edward Pharo, late of said county, deceased:

These are therefore to cite and admonish all and singular, the kindred and creditors of said deceased, to be and appear at my office on or before the first Monday in July next, and show cause, if any they have, why letters of administration, with the will annexed, on the estate of said deceased should not be issued to the applicant.

Witness my hand and official signature, this May 31, 1870. JAMES T. LAMKIN, Ordinary.
junel-w3td Printer's fee $5

NEW WHEAT! NEW WHEAT!!

A LARGE stock of Grain Scythes to be found at T. M. & R. C. CLARKE'S,
junel-d3t Atlanta, Ga.

For Rent.

A COMFORTABLE Store House on Mitchell Street, near Whitehall, well adapted to the city or country trade. Apply to
junel-d3t B. F. ABBOTT.

SHAVINGS! SHAVINGS!

PARTIES wishing Shavings can obtain them at the Phœnix Planing Mill, free of charge.
junel-d3t LONGLEY & ROBINSON.

NOTICE.

CLERK'S OFFICE, SUPREME COURT OF GEORGIA, ATLANTA, May 17, 1870.

It appears from the docket of the Supreme Court, for the June Term of 1870, that the order of Circuits, with the number of cases from each, is as follows:

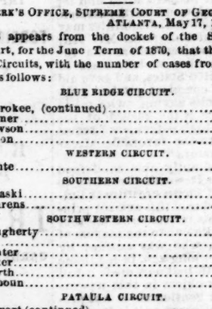
BLUE RIDGE CIRCUIT.

Cherokee, (continued)	1
Gilmer	1
Dawson	1
Union	1—4
WESTERN CIRCUIT.	
Wilkie	1—1
SOUTHERN CIRCUIT.	
Pulaski	1
Laurens	1—2
SOUTHWESTERN CIRCUIT.	
Dougherty	4
Lee	5
Sumter	3
Baker	2
Worth	1
Calhoun	1—17
FATAULA CIRCUIT.	
Stewart (continued)	1
Webster, (1 continued)	8
Terrell, (1 continued)	9
Quitman	1
Randolph	10
Early	2
Clay	3—34
CHATTAHOOCHEE CIRCUIT.	
Schley, (1 continued)	6
Talbot, (4 continued)	7
Muscogee, (1 con'inued)	26
Marion	2
Chattahoochee	1—42
MACON CIRCUIT.	
Crawford	3
Bibb	4—6
FLINT CIRCUIT.	
Butts	1
Newton	1
Spalding	1
Henry	1—4
TALLAPOOSA CIRCUIT.	
Coweta, (1 continued)	2
Troup	4—6
ATLANTA CIRCUIT.	
Clayton	2
Fulton	4
DeKalb	1—7
ROME CIRCUIT.	
Floyd	6
Walker	2
Chattooga	1
Polk	1—10
CHEROKEE CIRCUIT.	
Bartow, (1 continued)	4
Gordon	1
Whitfield	1—6
NORTHERN CIRCUIT.	
Oglethorpe	4
Hancock	3
Elbert	1—8
MIDDLE CIRCUIT.	
Washington, (1 continued)	3
Columbia	1
Richmond	3
City Court of Augusta	3—9
OCMULGEE CIRCUIT.	
Morgan, (1 continued)	3
Jones	3
Baldwin	3
Greene	1
Wilkinson	1—9
EASTERN CIRCUIT.	
Chatham	3
Liberty	3—6
BRUNSWICK CIRCUIT.	
Glynn	4
Clinch	1—5

The Atlanta Intelligencer, Macon Journal, Columbus Enquirer, Savannah Republican and the Chronicle and Sentinel, are requested to publish this notice, once a week for two weeks, and send their bills to this office.

Z. D. HARRISON,
may19-law2wd Deputy Clerk.

The Celebrated Home Shuttle.



$25, $37.

THE best for family use and every kind of work. Has the latest improved attachments, and is warranted for five years.

The Best and Cheapest Lock-Stitch Machine in the city.

Mrs. M. L. WHEELER, Agent,
may18-deod1y No. 66 Whitehall Street.

HUDSON HOUSE,
JONESBORO, GA.
BY N. G. HUDSON.

When you come to Jonesboro' call at the Hudson House, near the Depot and Livery Stable, where good meals can be had at 50 cents.
may11-w1t

Lookout Mountain House,
CHATTANOOGA, TENNESSEE.

RE-OPENED for the Summer and thoroughly refitted. Hotel and Cabins rejuvenated. Can accommodate one hundred and fifty visitors daily.
A. L. HICHEY & CO.
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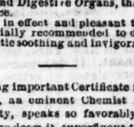

TRADE MARK

ARGYLE BITTERS.

THE superiority of the above named article over any other Bitters is now admitted in every instance where a comparison has been made. The Proprietors most respectfully inform the public that the high reputation they have so justly acquired has been on their intrinsic merits alone. The ingredients used, in point of purity, excellence and medicinal qualities, can not be surpassed, imparting a richness and delicacy of flavor heretofore unequaled by any combination of medicines having any claim for the relief of the following complaints, for which the

ARGYLE BITTERS

are especially recommended, viz:

Dyspepsia, Indigestion,
Diseases of the Stomach,
Nervousness, Jaundice,
Bilious Complaints,
Costiveness, Cramps,
Flatulency, Griping Pains,
Heartburn, Liver Complaint,
Loss of Appetite,
Lowness of Spirits or Melancholy,
Pains in the Side or Back,
Sick and Nervous Headache,
Etc., Etc.

All the virtues of the true CALISAYA BARK are to be found in the ARGYLE BITTERS, making them the best Appetizer and gentle Tonic in all cases of General Debility and Derangement of the Stomach and Digestive Organs, that it is possible to produce.

Being mild in effect and pleasant to the taste, they are especially recommended to delicate females as a gentle soothing and invigorating tonic.

The following important Certificate from Dr. I. L. CRAWCOUR, an eminent Chemist and Physician of this city, speaks so favorably of the Argyle Bitters, we deem it superfluous to add anything further:

261 CAMP STREET, NEW ORLEANS, September 1, 1869.

Messrs. Wheelock, Finlay & Co.:

GENTLEMEN—I have carefully examined your Argyle Bitters, and from my knowledge of their ingredients can safely recommend them as a good and reliable tonic and especially as a corrective of that morbid desire which so frequently affects those addicted to the use of ardent spirits. The chief ingredients being the best Calisaya Bark, renders them peculiarly fitted for the use of those residing in malarious districts, as they will not only act as a preventive against intermittent disease, but in a large number of cases may cure it when it has made its appearance.

I. L. CRAWCOUR, M. D.,
Prof. of Principles and Practice of Medicine, N. O. School of Medicine.

E. B. WHEELOCK,
SOLE PROPRIETOR.

WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Wholesale Agents,
New Orleans.

For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Dealers generally.

DISCOVERED AT LAST!

NO MORE CHILLS AND FEVER!

DR. F. WILHOFT'S

Anti-Periodic or Fever and Ague Tonic

is GUARANTEED by the Proprietors a safe, certain, speedy and effectual cure for *Fever and Ague*, Dumb Chills, Costive Chills, Bilious Remittent Fever, and all Malarious Diseases.

contains no *poison*, either vegetable or mineral. The sale of this article in the Southern States is immense. It has the indorsement of the first *Physicians of our city* and is in use in the *Charity Hospital*. A single bottle is all that is required to effect a permanent cure, and it has *never* yet been known to fail. On the proper proofs being rendered to us, we will refund the price paid if it fails to cure.

WHEELOCK, FINLAY & CO.,
Sole Proprietors,
New Orleans, La.

For sale by L. H. BRADFIELD, and Druggists generally.
apr23-deod2w6m

Cushings & Bailey,

BOOKSELLERS AND STATIONERS,

302 Baltimore Street,

BALTIMORE, MD.

The largest and best assorted Stock in the City, of

SCHOOL, LAW, MEDICAL, DENTAL, CLASSICAL, —AND— Miscellaneous Books.

☞ General Bank and Counting House Stationery of all kinds.
☞ Blank Books made to order in any style or Binding and Ruling.
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J. M. BRUNSWICK & BRO.,

MANUFACTURERS OF

Billiard, Jenny Lind, —AND— PIGEON HOLE TABLES,

No. 8 West Sixth Street,

CINCINNATI, OHIO,

KEEP constantly on hand a full assortment of BALLS, CUES, CUE TIPS, and all articles connected with the business, which they offer at LOWEST MARKET PRICE. Orders by mail promptly filled.
mar1-deod1m

Dancing Academy.

PROF. NICHOLS respectfully announces the opening of his Academy on Peachtree Street, on THURSDAY, June 2, 1870.
Afternoon Class at ..... 4 o'clock, P. M
Night Class at ..... 8 o'clock, P. M.
may31-d2td

HUBBELL & CAPRON'S

PATENT

TURBINE WATER-WHEEL.

THE GREATEST IMPROVEMENT OF THE DAY. Gives more power, with less water, than any wheel in the market. Twenty-Four Inch Wheel, $200.
Send for illustrated Pamphlet for 1870.
Manufactory, LONG POND MILLS; Post-office address, ORE HILL, CONN.
New York Office, 21 Cortlandt Street.
may5-d3m HUBBELL, CAPRON & CO.

A NEW DISCOVERY!!

PHALON'S

"VITALIA;"

OR,

Salvation for the Hair.

CLEAR AS WATER!
WITHOUT SEDIMENT!!
OPEN TO THE LIGHT!!!

For Restoring to Gray Hair its Original Color.

PHALON'S "VITALIA" differs utterly from all the hair coloring preparations heretofore used. It is limpid, sweet smelling, precipitates no muddy or slimy matter, requires no shaking, imparts no stain to the skin. Hold it to the light and it is clear and colorless. It leaves no mark on the scalp; yet it reproduces in gray hair the natural color that time or sickness may have bleached out of it.

☞ Phalon's Vitalia

is for one sole purpose, that of reproducing, with absolute certainty, the natural color of the hair. It is not intended as a daily dressing, nor for removing scurf or dandruff; nor for curing baldness; nor for stimulating the growth of the hair.—These objects may be accomplished after the color has been fixed with the Vitalia, by Phalon's Chemical Hair Invigorator.

THE VITALIA is a harmless and unequaled preparation for the reproduction of the original hue of gray hair, and nothing else. This is accomplished in from two to ten applications, according to the depth of

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

ATLANTA, GEORGIA, JUNE 1.

Index to New Advertisements.

New Wheat—T. M. & R. C. Clarke
Store House for Rent—B. F Abbott.
Shavings—Longley & Robinson.
Commonwealth Life Insurance Company—G. I. Thomas & Son.
Residence lot for Sale—Wallace & Fowler.
Letters of Administration—R. C. Beavers.
Letters of Administration—J. T. Lamkin.

PERSONAL.—Dr. Hebern Claflin has arrived in our city, and is stopping at the American Hotel.

LIBERAL PREMIUM.—The citizens of Atlanta propose giving a special premium for the best trotting horse exhibited at the Georgia State Fair in 1870. Mr. H. I. Kimball has subscribed $250, and Glenn & Wright $5 towards it. Roll on the ball.

THE FAIR GROUND SALE YESTERDAY.—Colonel G. W. Adair yesterday sold about 54 of the Fair Ground lots at an average of a fraction over $191 each, or an aggregate sale of $10,338 50. About 21 lots remain unsold. The bidding was spirited.

HOUSEHOLD TREASURY.—We are indebted to Messrs. Lynch & Co. for a copy of the "Household Treasury," published by Claxton, Ramsen & Haffelfinger, of Philadelphia. It is an exceedingly valuable book as a Treasury of household receipts of all kinds, and worthy of a place in every family.

THE Georgia Railroad has recently had constructed at their car works in Augusta, four superior platform cars, which, for strength and durability, cannot be excelled. They were built expressly for the Stone Mountain Granite Company. Yesterday they were duly christened with a bottle of Adam's Ale by the depot agent and superintendent of the Granite Company. The length of the speeches on the occasion debars us the pleasure of publishing them.

GEORGE DEAN, 15th Amendment, was arraigned before Justice Spencer yesterday, for assaulting Fillmore Daniel, a white boy, found guilty and fined $10 and costs, or one month on the chain gang.

The evidence disclosed the fact that young Daniel carried water for the white bricklayers, at Kimball's Hotel, and Dean charged him with upsetting his hod. This led from denial to recrimination, and finally Dean assaulted Daniel. Mr. Blackstock ran up to assist young Daniel, when Dean struck Blackstock with a brick-bat, inflicting a severe injury in his eye.

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.
INVESTIGATING COMMITTEE.
MONDAY, May 31, 1870.

Committee met at 9 o'clock.

W. P. Chisolm sworn—Deponent says he has no charges against the road. What he knows is in reference to an arbitration case between the Western and Atlantic Railroad and Mrs. Josephine Beck, of Bartow county, during Hulbert's administration, in which there was an award to Mrs. Beck of $5,000. Mrs. Beck appointed witness her agent to attend to the collecting of the money for her. Hulbert refused to pay the award, but proposed to pay $3,000 if Mrs. Beck would pay the cost of arbitration, which amounted to about $500.

Mrs. Beck declined to receive Hulbert's proposition, and the case stood over until Blodgett was appointed Superintendent. M. A. Harden, brother of Mrs. Beck, got a power of attorney from her to settle up the claim. Harden paid witness $2,000 for Mrs. Beck, stating that that was all he could get. About a week after, Col. H. P. Farrow asked witness how much money Mrs. Beck received in the settlement of her claim, stating that he saw on the books that a settlement had been made.

Witness told Colonel Farrow she had received $3,000. Colonel Farrow laughingly said: "The boys have been greasing themselves, as the books show that $4,000 has been paid," and advised witness to look into the matter. Witness went to the depot next day, and called on N. P. Hotchkiss, Auditor of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, knowing him to be the man who should have the papers. Mr. Hotchkiss referred to his books and said that he could find no record of it.

A. L. Harris, Master of Transportation came into Hotchkiss' office about that time. Hotchkiss asked Harris if he knew anything of that transaction. Harris replied, "yes, the settlement was made under Mrs. Beck's power of attorney and the receipts were all passed." but that the money that was drawn was not for Mrs. Beck," and turned and left the Auditor's office.

Isaac P. Harris, Treasurer, who had shown every disposition to assist witness, said he remembered giving a check in favor of M. A. Harden for $4,000, and turned to his book and showed witness the margin of the check. Witness then left the office. About an hour after this witness saw M. A. Harden, and stated to him that "those fellows have taken an advantage of you—he (witness) had seen the books and a check had been drawn for $4,000, payable to Harden for the benefit of Mrs. Beck." Harden said she had got all she wanted, and if they had stolen the balance down there, it was none of his (Harden's) business. A few hours afterward, Harden met witness and stated that George P. Burnett desired to see him at the depot. Witness went.

Burnett took witness to one side at the depot and asked him what he knew about the settlement with Mrs. Beck? Witness replied that he had seen the books and $4,000 had been drawn for her. Burnett said that he thought that as "you (witness, Harden and Mrs. Beck) were all connected, nothing would be said about it." Witness asked "who got the money?" Burnett said "he (I) drew it out of Bank." Witness asked him how much he paid Harden. Burnett said $3,500. Witness asked what he did with the balance of the money. Burnett frankly said, "We boys took it to grease ourselves."

In a few days witness received a letter from Mrs. Beck, rasping him for not representing her better. Witness then asked Harden about the $3 500. Harden said he kept $200 to pay the expenses of the arbitration and pay him for some money he had let Mrs. Beck have—all of which has been made satisfactory between Mrs. Beck, Harden and witness. Mrs. Beck afterwards took the matter in hand and had Burnett arrested. The officials of the road then sent for Harden who came down and had a conversation with witness. Afterwards Harden came to witness and said he would have to stand between the officials and Mrs. Beck; that he would have to be the man and Mrs. [illegible] Witness advised Mrs. Beck to that would fail[illegible] paying her another $1,000.

Harden said that they had spent the money and could not get it, but $500 could be given, and asked witness to go with him to Kingston, stating that the officers of the road wanted the matter settled; that A. L. Harris would go up that evening, and wanted to know whether or not it would be settled. Witness and Harden went up on the Goober train. Witness went from Kingston to Mrs. Beck's house with the papers (relieving Burnett) to get her signature, and advise her to take the $500. (Burnett still under bond.) Mrs. Beck did not like witness coming to see her, and refused to accept anything, but said that she would see her lawyers.

Witness returned to Kingston and reported. Harden said that was all that could be done; that Burnett would have to remain under bond, and he (Harden) would have to be responsible. A. L. Harris about that time arrived on the passenger train, and held a conversation with Harden and went on. Harden then came to witness and stated that the thing had to stand, as nothing could be done. Witness returned home.

The day before Burnett was to be tried Harden came to Atlanta and told witness that he would pay Mrs. Beck $1,000, if Mrs. Beck would give an instrument in writing relieving and exculpating Burnett. Witness advised Mrs. Beck to do so. The following purports to be a copy:

"GEORGIA, BARTOW COUNTY:

"This statement is intended as an explanation of a transaction between Mrs. Josephine H. Beck and the Western and Atlantic Railroad. Mrs. Beck not long since adjudicated a claim between herself and said road, in which she empowered her brother, M. A. Harden, under a power of attorney, to adjust and settle the same with the authorities of the road.

"He did do so according to her instructions, he having drawn the money and settled the same. There being a settlement between us, M. A. Harden returned a part of the money in payment, Mrs. Beck laboring under a wrong impression about the settlement blamed Mr. George P. Burnett and other officers of the road, and without knowing the facts had Mr. Burnett arrested. This is to certify that I relieve Mr. Burnett and all others from all blame in the matter, as well as parties with whom it was connected in the transaction. My brother, M. A. Harden, having fully settled with me, the whole matter, I deem this but just to the parties to make this statement."

JOSEPHINE H. BECK.

[Signed]

March 25, 1870.

Harden paid witness the $1,000 for Mrs. Beck. This is all witness knows, within his own knowledge; heard things from others, which committee ruled as inadmissible.

Committee then adjourned until 9 o'clock, A. M., to-morrow.

[NOTE.—The exculpation signed by Mrs. Beck was presented to the committee after the departure of Mr. Chisolm, and received and spread upon the Journals without being authenticated.]

Special Notices.

☞ RESIDENCE LOT FOR SALE, fronting on Collins street, between Houston and Ellis streets. Not too far from business, and in a neighborhood unexceptionable. Apply to
WALLACE & FOWLER,
junel-d1w Real Estate Agents.

☞ A GOOD INVESTMENT.—A course of instruction at the ATLANTA BUSINESS COLLEGE.
BOOK-KEEPING in all its branches.
PENMANSHIP—Plain and Ornamental.
COMMERCIAL CALCULATIONS, Business Forms, etc.
OPEN DAY AND EVENING.
Students separately instructed and received at any time. Send for a Circular.
may29-d3t B. F. MOORE, Principal.

☞ WEDLOCK.—THE BASIS OF CIVIL SOCIETY.—Essays for Young Men, on the honor and happiness of Marriage, and the evils and dangers of Celibacy, with sanitary help for the attainment of man's true position in life. Sent free, in sealed envelopes. Address,
HOWARD ASSOCIATION,
may25-d&w3m Box P, Philadelphia, Pa.

Latest Market Reports.

[CORRECTED DAILY.]

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, May 31, 10 o'clock, P. M.

Business continued inactive, and without change this afternoon.

COTTON STATEMENT.

[New York Financial Chronicle]

Receipts at all ports to May 27, 1870.....2,770,047
Receipts at all ports to May 20, 1869.....2,695,668
Increase over last year.....74,379

STOCK AT INTERIOR TOWNS.

Augusta	12,755
Columbus	6,546
Macon	7,380
Montgomery	5,445
Selma	3,300
Memphis	14,100
Nashville	5,542
Total	54,767

The foregoing shows that interior stocks have decreased during the week about 4,943 bales, and that they are now 28,857 in excess of the same period of last year.

VISIBLE SUPPLY.

Stock in Liverpool	bales 606,000
Stock in London	28,000
Stock in Glasgow	350
Stock in Havre	94,000
Stock in Marseilles	11,000
Stock in Bremen	19,000
Stock rest of Continent	40,000
Afloat for Great Britain (American)	130,000
Afloat for France (American and Brazil)	71,443
Afloat for Europe (Indian cotton)	228,000
Stock in United States ports	202,013
Stock in inland towns	54,761
Total	1,571,206

BOMBAY SHIPMENTS.

Up to May 21st, the shipments from Bombay to Great Britain were 349,000 bales, against 548,000 for the same period last year, and to the continent 124,000, against 134,000 bales last year, showing a deficit of 209,000 bales. Private advices indicate a liberal movement in progress—the receipts are large, the amount on shipboard is in excess of last year, and consequently it is believed that the clearances will show a corresponding increase.

Telegraph Markets.

NEW YORK, May 31.—Cotton heavy; sales 1,900 bales; middling uplands 22½; Orleans 23. Flour—State and Western 5c lower; State 4 80a5 70; Ohio 5 10a6 00; Western 4 80a6 35; Southern dull at 5 90a10 00. Wheat heavy and 1a2c lower. Corn heavy and 1c lower. Beef quiet. Pork dull and unchanged. Lard heavy; kettle 16a16½. Whisky steady. Rice firm; Carolina 7¼a8¾. Sugar very active and firm. Coffee firm. Molasses dull. Naval stores quiet. Freights firmer.

BALTIMORE, May 31.—Flour dull and weak. Wheat weak; Maryland 1 40a1 50; Pennsylvania 1 35a1 36. Corn firm at 1 15. Oats dull at 62a63. Pork and bacon less firm; rates unchanged. Whisky firmer; demand light at 1 08a1 09.

ST. LOUIS, May 31.—Corn firm; mixed in bulk 80a83; choice white, sacks, 1 05a1 06. Whisky steady at 1 05. Provisions heavy. Mess pork 30 00. Shoulders 13. Lard quiet at 15½a16.

LOUISVILLE, May 31.—Corn unchanged. Provisions steady. Lard 17. Whisky 1 06a1 07. Pork 30 00. Shoulders 13½; sides 17a17¾.

CINCINNATI, May 31.—Corn declining; mixed ear 88a90; shelled 93a95. Whisky dull at 1 03a104. Provisions unchanged and nominal. Pork 29 50a29 75.

NEW ORLEANS, May 31.—Cotton dull and prices lower; middlings 21¾a22; sales 1,400 bales; net receipts 1,648 bales; coastwise 421 bales; total 2,069 bales; exports to Great Britain 4,039 bales; to Vera Cruz 291 bales; stock on hand 110,691 bales.

Flour dull; superfine 4 50; double extra 5 00; treble extra 5 20a5 50. Corn, mixed 1 20a1 25; white 1 30. Oats 68a70. Bran 1 35. Hay 24 00. Pork 31 50. Bacon dull; shoulders 14¼; clear rib sides 17½; clear sides 18½; hams 21a21½. Lard, tierce 15¾a17. keg 19a19½. Sugar, 11a11¾. Molasses, prime reboiled 70a75. Whisky 1 02½a1 10. Coffee, fair 16⅝a16⅞; prime 17¾a18¼.

Sterling 26. New York Sight ⅞ premium. Gold 144¼a144¾.

SAVANNAH, May 31.—Cotton weak; middlings 21½; sales 300 bales; receipts 236 bales; exports to Great Britain 2,913 bales; stock 25,818 bales.

CHARLESTON, May 31.—Cotton dull and heavy; middlings 21¼a21½; sales 50 bales; stock on hand 9,017 bales.

NORFOLK, May 31.—Cotton nominal; low middlings 20a20½; receipts 148 bales; sales 40 bales; exports coastwise 143 bales; stock on hand 1,776 bales.

MOBILE, May 31.—Cotton dull and nominal; middlings 21; sales 150 bales; receipts 79 bales; exports to Boston 802 bales; to New Orleans, 303 bales; stock on hand 34,672 bales.

LONDON, May 31, evening.—Consols 94¾. Bonds 89¾. Tallow firm. Sugar firm. Turpentine 30s 9da31s.

HAVRE, May 31.—Cotton opened heavy at 125f afloat.

LIVERPOOL, May 31, evening.—Cotton dull middling uplands 10⅝a10¾; Orleans 10⅞; sales 7,000 bales; speculation and export 1,000 bales. Red winter wheat 9s 3d. Naval stores dull. Turpentine 28s 6d.

PARIS, May 31.—Bourse closed dull; Rentes 74f. 60c.

FRANKFORT, May 31.—Bonds closed firm.

Local and Business Notices.

DR. HEBERN CLAFLIN, office 606 Wabash Avenue, Chicago, Illinois, successfully treats Cancers without knife, or serious pain, in the shortest time imaginable. Also, successfully treats chronic diseases, consumption and all female diseases successfully.

Dr. Hebern Claflin is at the American Hotel, Atlanta, Georgia, June 1, where he will remain but a short time.

junel4d&1w

FOUND.—One of the most important combinations known to the Medical world, Greene's Dyspepsia Remedy, a certain, safe and sure cure for Dyspepsia, Heartburn, Indigestion, etc. For sale only by
W. A. LANSDELL,
Wholesale Druggist and General Agent.
may11-1m.

JOY TO THE WORLD! WOMAN IS FREE! Among the many modern discoveries looking to the happiness and amelioration of the human race, none is entitled to higher consideration than the renowned remedy, Dr. J. Bradfield's Female Regulator, Woman's Best Friend. By it woman is emancipated from the numberless ills peculiar to her sex. Before its magic power all irregularities of the womb vanish. It cures whites. It cures suppression of the menses. It removes uterine obstructions. It cures constipation and strengthens the system. It braces the nerves and purifies the blood. It never fails, as thousands of women will testify. This valuable medicine is prepared and sold by L. H. Bradfield, Druggist, Atlanta, Ga. Price $1.50 per bottle. All respectable drug men keep it.

feb20-tf

"BARRETT'S" produces natural change.

"BARRETT'S" Reliable Hair Restorative.

QUESTION—Mrs. B., where can I fill this bill of Millinery and Dry Goods, etc.?

Answer—At Mrs. Frank's, Decatur street. You will find there a full assortment of Millinery, Fancy Dry Goods, Embroideries, Hosiery, Ladies' and Misses' Shoes and Bootees—in fact all you may call for, from a Paper of Pins to a Silk Dress. Her goods are of the latest styles, and very cheap.

PURE WINES DIRECTLY IMPORTED.—We have for sale a very superior article of Claret, Hock, Sherry, Port and Madeira Wine, pronounced by competent judges to be the best in the market; also fine French Cognac Brandy of vintage 1663.

may 22 PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & Co.

Read What the Delmonico of the South says!

Messrs. McBride & Co.: We have given the Eureka Coffee Pot a fair trial. Its merits far excel our expectations. Simple in its construction, the help find no difficulty in its use. Its condensing apparatus works like a charm, retaining all the strength and aroma of the coffee.

It is the Coffee Pot of the age.

Respectfully,
Pease and his Wife.

Kerosene, warranted to be 110 degrees fire test, for 40 cents per gallon, at McBride & Co.'s.

Diamond Oil, 190 degrees, for 75 cents.

apr10-dtf

LARGE STOCK—ATTRACTIVE PRICES.—In order to reduce our stock, we will sell at low prices for ten days. We offer to the trade 5,000 bushels of Feed Oats, 600 barrels Flour at $5 50 to $9 00 per barrel; 3,000 bushels Corn, 300 bales Hay, 8 tons Cotton Seed Meal, 200 bushels Feed Meal, 100 bushels Rye; also Rye and Barley Malt, 50,000 pounds Bacon and Lard, 1,000 packages Coffee, Sugar, Molasses, Syrup, Salt, Mackerel, Candles, Soaps, Oysters, Soda, Starch, Crackers, Factory Yarn, etc. Cash and time sales continued as heretofore.

A. K. SEAGO,
Wholesale Commission Merchant.
may25-6t

Plain and Fancy Printing, in colors, such as

BONDS, BANK CHECKS, BILL HEADS, BUSINESS CARDS, BLANKS, CATALOGUES, CIRCULARS, PROGRAMMES, POSTERS,

Anything from a Wedding Card to a Mammoth Poster!

Or from a

Railroad Ticket to a Ledger!

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION!

A Live Democratic Sheet!

Best Advertising Medium!

Through which men can bring their names and business before the public.

Circulation increasing Rapidly Every Day.

ITS MOTTO:

"Unwavering fidelity to principle better than violent denunciation;"

PRINCIPIA NON HOMINES;

The development of the vast natural resources of Georgia, and the advancement of the material prosperity of the whole State, from Dade to Chatham.

With Able and Experienced Editors,

"To the manor born," a

HOST OF CONTRIBUTORS!

AND CORRESPONDENTS,

The Proprietors feel no hesitancy in assuring the public that the reputation of THE CONSTITUTION as a

LIVE NEWSPAPER!

And an independent and out-spoken journal will be maintained. It columns will contain

Pungent Editorials!

On the topics of the day,

Local, Commercial, and General News, Agricultural, Mercantile and Political Intelligence from all Quarters.

No pains will be spared to make it a valuable and necessary companion to the Merchant, the Mechanic, the Artisan, the Professional Man, the Agriculturist and the Laborer, and suitable alike for the

Boudoir or the Counting Room, the Fireside or the Workshop!

THE WEEKLY CONSTITUTION!

A large and well filled sheet, will contain the cream of the Daily, and those not having daily mail facilities, will find the Weekly a

PERFECT LUXURY!

TERMS OF THE DAILY

Are $10 00 per annum, $5 00 for six months, or $1 00 per month,

INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

THE TERMS OF THE WEEKLY

are $3 00 per annum, or $2 00 for six months, payable in advance.

To all subscribers to the Daily and Weekly for twelve months, after this date, we will furnish the

RURAL SOUTHERNER,

A monthly Agricultural Journal, published in Atlanta, free of charge, for the same period.

Connected with the Constitution is one of the best

BOOK BINDERIES!

In the State.

Send in your orders for

Book Binding or Ruling;

Send in your orders for

Book and Job Work!

Send in your ADVERTISEMENTS and SUBSCRIPTION LISTS for the Daily and Weekly CONSTITUTION.

Address:

W. A. HEMPHILL & CO.,
Proprietors, Atlanta.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel,

The Cheapest and Best Meats in the Market.

Fulton Market Beef,
Extra Family Pig Pork.
Spiced Pig's Feet.
English Breakfast Bacon.
Pickled White Shad.
Venison, Bologna Sausage.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

A other Fresh Lot Just Received.

Choice Goshen Butter.
New York Dairy Cheese.

Call soon and get a good article at lowest prices.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

A Fresh Lot of Crackers:

Albert Biscuit,
Dessert Biscuit,
Lemon Snoppetts,
Graham,
Boston,
Butter,
Ginger,
Pearl,
Oyster,
Cream,
Ginger Snaps,

All fresh and nice, and the best grades.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

CALL and examine my new crop Teas, just received from Cincinnati, over the Pacific Railroad. The best grades Gunpowder, Oolong, Imperial, Young Hyson, English, Breakfast and Japan Teas.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

FOR choice grades Coffee ask for Mocha, Old Government, Java, Laguayra and Rio Coffee. Nobody sells lower or better Coffee.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

THE FINEST WINES:

SHERRY, Port, Claret, Blackberry, Scotch and English Ale, Fine Brandy, Choice Old Whiskies.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

Canned Goods in Great Variety.

OYSTERS, Salmon, Clams, Pickles, Jellies, Sauces, Spices, etc., etc.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

CRUSHED SUGAR.
Granulated Sugar,
A, B, Extra C, Yellow, and
Cut Loaf Sugars.

T. W. SIMMONS,

Under National Hotel.

PRICES REASONABLE.

NO trouble to show goods. Good weights, best goods. Goods delivered anywhere in the city, free of charge. Leave your orders and satisfaction guaranteed. may25—

CONSTITUTION PRINTING HOUSE!

"EXCELSIOR!"

OUR MOTTO.

Ahead of all Competition!

Broad Street, Near Atlanta Engine House, and Opposite Post Office.

—WITH—

New and Elegant Presses!

And a large and extensive

VARIETY OF JOB TYPE

We are prepared to do all kinds of

Book and Job Work!

In the best style and at

PRICES TO SUIT THE TIMES

ALL WE ASK IS A TRIAL!

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Court of Ordinary of Richmond county, Ga., I will be sold on Tuesday, 5th day of July, 1870, at the place for holding public sales in Marietta, Cobb county, Ga., within the usual hours, the following property, belonging to the estate of Jonathan S. Wilcox, late of said Richmond county, deceased, to-wit:

All that lot, or parcel of land, with the improvements thereon (consisting of a commodious dwelling in excellent repair, and the usual outbuildings,) in the city of Marietta, Ga., known as the "Tennent Place."

The lot is eligibly situated. It is within two hundred yards of the business part of the city, and contains two acres, more or less.

Sold for the benefit of the heirs of said deceased. Terms half cash, balance January 1st, 1871, secured by mortgage on the premises.

W. W. WILCOX,
SARAH J. WILCOX, } Adm'rs.
may26-d&wsw4ds

"BAD BLOOD."

"The Life is the Blood."

FROM it we derive our strength, beauty, and mental capabilities. It is the centre of our being, around which revolves all that makes existence happy. When this source is corrupted the painful effects are visible in many shapes, prominent among which is

SCROFULA.

This is a taint or infection of the human organism, and probably no one is wholly free from it. It exibits itself in various shapes—as Ulcers and Sores, Decayed Bones, Diseased Scalp, Sore Eyes, Weak and Diseased Joints, St. Vitus' Dance, Foul Discharges from the Nostrils, Eruptions, Glandular Swellings, Throat Affections, Rheumatism, Heart Affections, Nervous Disorders, Barrenness, Disorders of the Womb, Dropsy, Syphilitic Affetions, Liver Complaint, Salt Rheum, Dyspepsia, Neuralgia, Loss of Manhood and General Debility.

It has been the custom to treat these diseases with Mercury and other Mineral substances, which, though ometimes producing a cure, often prove injurious and entails misery in after life. The long known injurious properties of these so called alterratives and purifiers has led the philanthropical man of science to explore the arena of nature, the result of which has been the discovery of a vegetable product which possess the power of eradicating these Taints from the Blood.

DR. TUTT'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

Is the acknowledged antidote to all Blood Diseases. By its use the afflictions above enumerated can be permanently banished, and the Source—the Centre of Life—the Blood, be maintained in all its purity and vigor.

For Diseases produced by the use of Mercury, and for Syphilis, with its train of evils, this compound is the only sure antidote.

To the poor creature, enfeebled in mind and body, by secret practices, whose nerves are unstrung, and countenance downcast

The Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT

is a blessing. Try it fairly, and your nerves will be restored to their wonted vigor, and your dejected countenance be made radiant with the consciousness of

Restored Manhood.

Being free from violent minerals, it is adapted to general use. The old and young may use it; the most delicate female at any time may take it; the tender infant, who may have inherited disease, will be cured by it.

For Purifying the Blood

USE

DR. TUTT'S

Extract of Sarsaparilla

AND

QUEEN'S DELIGHT.

When used in the Spring it removes all humors which infest the system; and banishes the languor and debility peculiar to that reason of the year. It acts promptly on the

Liver and Kidneys,

Producing a healthy action of the important organs by which all the impurities of the system are carried off, and the result is

A Clear Skin, a Good Appetite, and Buoyant Spirits.

PREPARED BY

WM. H. TUTT & LAND,

AUGUSTA, GEORGIA,

And Sold by Druggists Everywhere.

apr21-deod6m

BRANHAM'S VERMIFUGE.

WHY is it that so many children die under the age of five years? That a large proportion of children die under this age, has long been a subject of remark, and without a satisfactory cause ascertained, it is certain.

Also, it is known that worms exist in the human system from its earliest infancy; therefore parents, especially mothers, who are more constantly with their children, can not be too observing of the first *symptoms of worms*; for so surely as they exist, can they be safely and certainly removed from the most Delicate Infant, by the timely use of

B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge.

It is perfectly harmless, contains no Mercury, being a purely Vegetable Composition, and may be administered with the utmost safety to children of all ages.

Worm Confections, made more for the purpose of pleasing the palate than of overcoming the disease, have been manufactured all over the country, but their short lease of life is nearly exhausted, and B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge continues to grow in favor daily.

CAUTION.

Should occasion require you to purchase B. A. Fahnestock's Vermifuge, be particularly careful to see that the initials are B. A. This is the article that has been so

Favorably Known Since 1829,

And purchasers must insist on having it, if they do not wish to have an invilisition forced upon them.

Schwartz & Haslett,

PROPRIETORS.

B. A. Fahnestock's, Son & Co.,
Sole Proprietor's Pittsburgh, Pa.
dec8-deod&w1y

NOTICE.

EVERY DAY from 11 to 2 o'clock, Lunch of Cold Meat of all kinds; also, Soup can be had at the

National Hotel Restaurant,

FOR 25 CENTS.

Ice Cream 25 cents; families can be supplied by the quart or gallon. Meals at all hours. Fresh Fish received on Ice every day.

may31-d3t R. B. POND, Proprietor.

DR. JOEL BRANHAM'S 1830 1870 LIVER MEDICINE.

YEISER & RAGLAND

Wholesale Druggists,

ROME, GA.

SOLE PROPRIETORS.

We have used Dr. Branham's Liver Medicine and cordially recommend it for the cure of diseases of the Liver, Chills and Fever, Headache, Dyspepsia, etc.

ALFRED IVERSON, Columbus, Ga.,
JOHN HARKINS, Rome, Ga.
S. DUNLAP, " "
J. D. GREEN, " "
J. MARSHALL, Macon, Ga.
L. G. COOTER, Floyd Co., Ga.
T. J. ROSS, New Orleans.
G. M. HILLYER, Vicksburg, Miss.
W. R. FENNER, Petersburg, Va.
T. B. HARWELL, Rossville, Ga.

apr22-deod&w4m

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

☞ WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.—F. BLODGETT, Superintendent; A. L. HARRIS, Master of Transportation.

FIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	7 00 P M
Arrives at Chattanooga	3 30 A M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 00 P M
Arrives at Atlanta	4 14 A M

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leaves Atlanta	8 15 A M
Arrives at Chattanooga	4 30 P M
Leaves Chattanooga	7 40 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	3 17 P M

CARTERSVILLE ACCOMMODATION.

Leaves Atlanta	5 30 P M
Arrives at Cartersville	8 11 P M
Leaves Cartersville	6 00 A M
Arrives at Atlanta	9 00 A M

☞ ATLANTA & WEST POINT RAIL-ROAD.—87 miles—per mile—JOHN P. KING, President; L. P. GRANT, Superintendent; H. M. FANRAN, Agent at Atlanta:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8:15 A. M.
Arrive at West Point	12:32 P. M.
Leave West Point	12:55 P. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	5:35 P. M.

NIGHT FREIGHT AND PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	3:00 P. M.
Arrive at West Point	10:45 P. M.
Leave West Point	3:00 A. M.
Arrive at Atlanta	10:37 A. M.

☞ SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE, GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY, AUGUSTA, GA., May 12th, 1870.—On and after Sunday, 15th instant, the Passenger Trains on the Georgia Railroad will run as follows:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.
(Sunday Excepted.)

Leave Augusta	7.15 A.M
Leave Atlanta	7.00 A.M
Arrive at Augusta	5.45 P.M
Arrive at Atlanta	7.10 P.M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Augusta	9.50 P.M.
Leave Atlanta	5.45 P.M.
Arrive at Augusta	4.00 A.M.
Arrive at Atlanta	8.00 A.M.

S. K. JOHNSON, Supt.

☞ Atlanta, Athens, Madison, Covington and Greensboro' papers copy. may14-dtf

☞ MACON & WESTERN RAILROAD.—100 miles. Fare, five cents per mile—A. J. WHITE, President; E. A. ANDERSON, Agent at Atlanta; H. W. BROWSON, Master Transportation:

DAY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	8.55 A M
Arrive at Macon	1.40 P M
Leave Macon	7.55 A M
Arrive at Atlanta	3.10 P M

NIGHT PASSENGER TRAIN.

Leave Atlanta	7.18 P M
Arrive at Macon	3.35 A M
Leave Macon	8.50 P M
Arrive at Atlanta	4.45 A M

SOLOMONS' BITTERS!

This Great Tonic

WILL BE SUPPLIED TO THE TRADE

At the Proprietors' Prices,

BY THE FOLLOWING HOUSES:

REDWINE & FOX, Druggists,
W. A. LANSDELL, Druggist,
PEMBERTON, TAYLOR & CO., Druggists,
L. COHEN & CO.,
Dealers in Wines, Liquors, etc.

A. A. SOLOMONS & CO.,

PROPRIETORS,

Savannah, - - - Georgia.

may21-d1m

TO CONSUMERS OF ICE.

WE beg to inform our friends and the citizens of Atlanta, also those on the different lines of Railroad out of Atlanta, that we are now prepared to commence delivering ICE from the Cellar under No. 1 Granite Block. Entrance from Forsyth street, from the steps by the side of the Bridge, also from the Railroad. Our Wagon will also receive orders and deliver Ice. We assure Ice consumers that our price shall be as low as any Ice sold in the city. We will also sell tickets to families, etc.

Sunday hours—open from 6 o'clock A. M. to 9 o'clock A. M., from 12 to 2½ P. M., 6 to 7 P. M.

For 81-kness Ice can be procured at any hour, night or day, by applying to No. 8 Lynch Building, up stairs.

Express Agents on the different Railroads will be pleased to receive orders and deliver the same. We assure those sending orders that our facility will be superior to any other house in the city.

may5-d1m PARSONS, BORN & CO.

HARDWARE

AT

Wholesale and Retail

TOMMEY

SUPERIOR INDUCEMENTS OFFERED

&

OUR STOCK IS LARGE

STEWART.

and varied. It consists of everything usually kept in a First Class Hardware Store.

TOMMEY & STEWART,
feb2-d1y Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

ALL persons owning property on Marietta street, which has been assessed by the Mayor and Council of Atlanta for public purposes; and all persons having liens on the property so assessed, are hereby notified to present their title deeds and liens to Henry Jackson, Esq., City Attorney, office on Broad street, for inspection.

HENRY JACKSON,
may23-d1w City Attorney.

ROANOKE COLLEGE

SALEM, VA.

NEXT SESSION BEGINS SEPTEMBER 8TH.

THE Institution has a full Corps of Instructors, a thorough course of studies, and aims at a high grade of Scholarship. Its superior educational advantages, moderate expenses, healthy location, and grand mountain scenery, render it well worthy the attention and patronage of the South.

Expenses, including Board, Tuition, etc., for session of ten months, about $250. A slight advance on this estimate, for students boarding in private families. For particulars, catalogues, etc., address REV. D. F. BITTLE, D. D.,
President of College,
Or, JULIUS D. DREHER,
Traveling Agent, Columbia, S. C.

may26-d1w2w13

TIME SALES.

SUBSTANTIAL Land owners, whose tenants and laborers require additional supplies of

CORN, HAY, FLOUR, GROCERIES,

or other articles, and who may prefer to buy such supplies ON TIME, until 15th October next, can be accommodated at reasonable rates, giving satisfactory security. It is also our purpose to make it to the interest of those buying for cash to deal with us.

CAPITALISTS

who have funds which they would like to have saved by making advances to reliable planters are requested to correspond with us in reference to terms, etc.

Respectfully,
A. K. SEAGO
Wholesale Merchant, Atlanta.
may1-d&w1m Established 1852.

DRY GOODS CHEAP.

HAVING on hand a large stock of SUMMER GOODS, and being desirous of disposing of the same—while there is still a demand for them—I have concluded to offer them at

LOWER PRICES

This have ever before been named in Atlanta. A great and general reduction in prices has been effected; and, in some cases, a difference of

50 Per Cent.

Will be found to have been made. Particular attention is called to the following named classes of Goods, which will be offered VERY LOW, indeed, viz:

Grenadines Lenos, Mosambiques, etc.,
Printed Muslins—in great variety,
White and Printed Organdies—fine,
Linen Lawns,
Table Linens—(a choice lot),
Towels, Napkins, Doyles, etc.
Fine French Corsets,
Parasols in Paznee, Plain Silk and Gingham,
Silk and Linen Fans,
White Muslins in every variety of Plain, Striped and Checked,
Plain and Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs.
A large and choice lot of EMBROIDERIES.

All of these Goods will be Sold Cheap.

All that is necessary to convince the most incredulous is an examination of the Stock and prices on and after

Monday, May 30th,

At the store of JOHN KEELY,
Corner Whitehall and Hunter Streets.
may29-d2w

FOR SALE OR RENT—FURNISHED.

A COMMODIOUS and pleasantly situated house on McDonough street. Perfectly Furnished, good neighborhood, Fine Garden, and in first rate order. JAMES M. BALL,
may23-d2taw3w 77 Whitehall street.

READ THE FOLLOWING CERTIFICATES. Hundreds of others could be given. See what Col. Calhoun says: When a young man, I resided in one of the malarious districts of Mississippi, and while there contracted Liver disease, from which I have suffered ever since. I have tried, I believe, all Liver Medicines, and do not hesitate to say that Dr. Ed. Smith's Liver Tonic is, by far, superior to anything I have ever tried. J. LAWRENCE CALHOUN, Newnan, Ga.

Dr. E. Smith's Liver Tonic is beyond all question a most excellent Liver Medicine. Having fully tested its virtues, we take great pleasure in assuring those who may be afflicted with Torpid Liver or Constipated Bowels, that no better or safer medicine can be found. J. E. Dent & Moneghan, Rev. Geo. E. Smith, Newnan, Ga., Rev. L. J. Davies, P. E., LaGrange District, Ga.; Rev. E. P. Birch, West Point, Ga.; J. A. Hunnicutt, M. D., Athens, Ga.

DR. EDWARD SMITH'S LIVER TONIC.
THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY,
A PURELY VEGETABLE COMPOUND.
NEWNAN, GA.
DR. EDWARD SMITH,
FOX ARMORY, Ga.

apr3-d1y

SWEET QUININE

IS A RECENT IMPROVEMENT.

Replaces the use of the Bitter Sulphate Quinine, with which all are familiar.

Dose for dose, it is

WARRANTED

Fully Equal in Every Way to Bitter Quinine,

And like it, is the one

Great, Positive,

THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

Agents for the Constitution.

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City and Suburban Affairs.

HON. JOHN P. KING, President of the Georgia Railroad, is in our city this morning. We trust that he will stir up the "old fogies" who keep back the building of the car-shed.

BY TELEGRAPH.

ASSOCIATED PRESS DISPATCHES.

Washington News.

WASHINGTON, May 31.—A supplemental treaty for the acquisition of San Domingo, and extending the time for the ratification to July, will be sent to the Senate.

A Darien letter received here indicates a failure to find a practical route for a ship canal.

Congressional.

The House is voting on the bill revising American commerce.

The ayes and noes are called on nearly every proposition.

The Senate is considering the Pacific Cable.

The Reconstruction Committee has no quorum.

The President has signed the bill enforcing the 15th Amendment.

RALEIGH, May 31.—On Wednesday morning three men went to the house of Daniel and Neil McLeod, two brothers living in the western portion of Cumberland county, and murdered both; also badly wounded the wife, daughter and son of Neil McLeod. The McLeods were Democrats and peaceable citizens, highly respected by their neighbors.

VIRGINIA CITY, May 31.—Three inches of snow yesterday—freezing and blowing today.

COLUMBUS, Pa., May 31.—A boiler exploded here to-day scalding several and killing one.

DAYTON, OHIO, May 31.—Three men were seriously hurt by the explosion of a cannon at the decoration festival here.

THE WASHINGTON-HUTCHINS AFFAIR.

The Facts in the Matter.

"Z," the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Gazette, gives the following statement of the facts concerning the recent proposed duel between L. Q. Washington, Esq., correspondent of the New York World, and Colonel B. T. Hutchins, at present of Georgia, and which affair caused so much excitement in Washington circles. The writer says:

There have been so many misstatements of the late difficulty between Mr. L. Q. Washington and Colonel Benj. T. Hutchins, that I deem it proper briefly to state the actual facts. The quarrel began by Colonel Hutchins undertaking to speak to Mr. Washington, with whom he had no acquaintance, and urging the disfranchisement and military enslavement of the Southern people. Mr. Washington answered by saying that if he had his way "he would hang him; that he did not know him, and did not want to know him." Hutchins seemed desirous to bandy words further, but as the affair occurred in the Senate gallery, Mr. Washington declined further conversation, feeling also that he had said enough to indicate his own position. Colonel Hutchins, a few moments after, laid a pencil note upon Mr. Washington's table, informing him that he should hear from him, and the next day addressed a note requesting an explanation of the remarks which, without specifying, he described generally as "personal." Mr. Washington answered him, stating that he did not recognize the right of any one, especially a stranger, to address remarks to him which necessarily reflected upon himself and the Southern people, and that when Colonel Hutchins expressed regret for his own aggression his request for an "explanation satisfactory to both" would have a better basis than it then had. At this stage of the business, Mr. John F. Coyle, who had been applied to to act as a friend of Colonel Hutchins, but declined to act in that capacity, undertook the office of mediator, and saw Colonel Wintersmith, a friend of Mr. Washington's, for this purpose. These efforts failed, and Mr. Coyle then declined any further connection with the affair. On Sunday last Colonel Hutchins wrote a note, dated Monday, at Alexandria, Virginia, in which he asked for a hostile meeting, but did not name any friend as authorized, in his behalf, to make arrangements for the duel, or give his own address; but, on the contrary, stated in his note that he had no friend by whom to send his communication, and therefore left it himself upon Mr. Washington's table, in his absence. Mr. Washington handed this paper to his friends, General A. C. Jones and Mr. J. J. Bright, who are acting for him for such proceedings as were proper under the circumstances. These gentlemen were of opinion that Colonel Hutchins' note required no notice until he should name some friend as authorized to make the necessary arrangements for the duel, and that until he did so, Mr. Washington could take no further step in the premises. It will be seen, from this simple statement, that the affair halted from the fact that Colonel Hutchins sent no friend to Mr. Washington with his challenge, and in his own note indicated that he did not have any. Mr. Washington had at his command the services of gentlemen of proved courage and honor, and has quietly waited the action of his antagonist. The statement that there was any discussion about, or allusion to Morton's speech, or any profane language on Mr. Washington's part, or any difficulty on his part in obtaining the services of seconds, are all unfounded. Some days ago Mr. Hutchins seemed to have ceased his exertions to procure a second, and has furnished his account of the quarrel to the Herald, and perhaps other papers. Z.

☞ The McFarland-Richardson case has been dramatized in San Francisco at the New Pacific Theatre. The Beecher-Frothingham marriage is the chief incident, and is made intensely humorous by Horace Greeley giving away the bride, and Senator Revels signing his name as witness. The leading comic role is that of Ned Harrigan, who plays and dresses Horace Greeley to the life. The denouement is a perfect reconciliation between McFarland and his wife, and the curtain falls upon their second nuptials, the ceremony being performed by Beecher and Frothingham.

☞ A World's Congress of Croquet Players will be held next month at Baden. They will not hold their debates in Latin. Among the points discussed will be, whether it is allowable to pop the question on the croquet ground. Old maids are quoted as thinking that it distracts the game. Younger ones would consider it allowable in certain cases.

☞ The Boston Transcript pertinently asks: "If a man blows his own trumpet, can his opinions be sound?"

☞ The dumb mutes of San Francisco have organized themselves into a permanent association "for the suppression of pretended deaf and dumb swindlers, vagrants and impostors."

☞ Patrick Gass, the last survivor of Lewis and Clarke's expedition to the Columbia River in 1804-6, died recently, at the age of 99.

☞ Many a mean man grumbles because it costs as much per day for ice for his family as a single drink for himself.

Railroads.

Winter Arrangement!

—:o:—

WESTERN & ATLANTIC RAILWAY,

—:o:—

THE OLD RELIABLE PASSENGER ROUTE

TO ALL

Northern, Eastern and Western Cities,

Carrying Great Southern Express.

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The Only Route from Atlanta

RUNNING A

Double Daily Through Train,

Preventing a possibility of twenty-four (24) hours delay, incident to lines having but one Daily Train.

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The United States Mail

BETWEEN ATLANTA AND NEW YORK

Is Carried Exclusively by this Line.

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On and after March 21st, 1870,
Through Passenger Trains will Leave Atlanta

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Making close connection at Kingston for

Rome, Selma, Meridian and New Orleans.

At Chattanooga, with the East Tennessee and Georgia Railroad for all points

NORTH AND EAST VIA LYNCHBURG.

The Memphis and Charleston, for

Canton, Memphis and New Orleans,

AND POINTS WEST.

The Nashville and Chattanooga, for

Nashville and all Points North, East and West.

—:o:—

Passengers have choice of

TWENTY-SIX DIFFERENT ROUTES

FROM

Atlanta to New York

—:o:—

PULLMAN'S TRAVELING PALACES

ON ALL NIGHT TRAINS.

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The Best Eating Houses in the Country.

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NO MIDNIGHT CHANGES.

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Finely Finished Cars well Heated and Ventilated.

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QUICK TIME AND SURE CONNECTIONS.

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Tickets for sale at all Ticket Offices for all Points Reached by this Line.

—:o:—

FARE SAME AS BY OTHER ROUTES.

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Baggage Checked Through

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☞ We do not advertise our Conductors. Their deportment and attention do that.

B. W. WRENN, Gen. Ticket Agent.
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FOSTER BLODGETT, Superintendent,
nov28-dtf

THE

GREAT SOUTHERN

PASSENGER AND MAIL

ROUTE!

VIA

ATLANTA AND AUGUSTA!

TO Charleston, Columbia, Charlotte, Raleigh, Wilmington, Weldon, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia and New York.

CONNECTIONS by THIS LINE are most certain and sure at all seasons.

THE EATING HOUSES

On this Line have been thoroughly overhauled and refitted. Ample time is given for Meals, and at regular hours.

CONDUCTORS on this Line are affable and courteous to passengers.

NO CHANGE OF CARS

BETWEEN

West Point, Ga., & Wilmington, N. C.

Quick Time and Sure Connection

VIA GEORGIA RAILROAD.

Passengers can purchase Through Tickets and have their Baggage Checked through from

New Orleans, Mobile, Montgomery, Columbus, and Atlanta,

TO

Richmond, Baltimore, Washington, Philadelphia, and New York.

BY

Four Different Routes, via Augusta, Kingsville, and Wilmington; via Columbia, Charlotte and Raleigh; via Columbia, Danville and Richmond; via Atlanta, Augusta, Wilmington and Bay Line

FARE AS LOW BY AUGUSTA

AS ANY OTHER ROUTE.

Pullman's Palace Sleeping Cars

ON

All Night Trains Leaving Atlanta

BY THIS ROUTE.

Passengers wishing to go North by Sea will find a

Splendid Line of Steamships

From Charleston, S. C., to Baltimore, Philadelphia Boston and New York.

THE CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

Offer every inducement to Passengers, with Tables supplied with every luxury the Northern and Charleston Markets can afford, and for Safety, Speed and Comfort are

UNRIVALLED ON THE COAST.

Through Tickets on Sale at

Montgomery, West Point & Atlanta

TO

NEW YORK VIA CHARLESTON STEAMSHIPS

J. A. ROBERT,

General Ticket Agent, Georgia Railroad.
aprl1-dtf

KOSKOO!

THE GREAT REPUTATION

Which KOSKOO has attained in all parts of country

AS A GREAT AND GOOD MEDICINE

And the Large Numbers of Testimonials

which are constantly being received from Physicians, and persons who Ages BEEN CURED by its use, is CONCLUSIVE PROOF of its REMARKABLE VALUE.

AS A BLOOD PURIFIER,

IT HAS NO EQUAL,

BEING POSITIVELY

The Most Powerful Vegetable Alterative Yet Discovered.

DISEASES OF THE BLOOD.

"The life of the flesh is in the Blood," is a Scriptural maxim that science proves to be true. The people talk of bad blood, as the cause of many diseases, and like many popular opinions, this of bad blood is founded in truth.

The symptoms of bad blood are usually quite plain—bad Digestion—causes imperfect nutrition, and consequently the circulation is feeble, the soft tissues loose their tone and elasticity, and the tongue becomes pale, bread, and frequently covered with a pasty, white coat. This condition soon shows itself in EXCITIVE and ULCERATIVE diseases, and when long continued, results in serious lesions of the Brain, Liver, Lungs, or urinary organs. Much, very much, suffering is caused by impure blood. It is estimated by some that one-fifth of the human family are effected with scrofula in some form.

When the Blood is pure, you are not so liable to any disease. Many impurities of the Blood arise from impure diseases of large cities. Eradicate every impurity from the fountain of life, and good spirits, fair skin and vital strength will return to you.

KOSKOO,

AS A

Liver Invigorator!

STANDS UNRIVALLED.

Being the only KNOWN Medicine

that EFFICIENTLY *stimulates* and CORRECTS the *hepatic secretions* and functional DERANGEMENTS of the LIVER, WITHOUT DEBILITATING the system. While it acts *freely* upon the Liver *instead of copious purging*, it *gradually changes* the discharges *to a perfectly natural state.*

SYMPTOMS OF LIVER COMPLAINT AND OF SOME OF THOSE DISEASES PRODUCED BY IT.

A sallow or yellow color of the skin, or yellowish-brown spots on the face and other parts of the body; dullness and drowsiness, sometimes, headache; bitter or bad taste in the mouth, internal heat; in many cases a dry, teasing cough; unsteady appetite; sometimes sour stomach, with a raising of the food; a bloated or full feeling about the stomach and sides; aggravating pains in the side, back, or breast, and about the shoulders; constipation of the bowels; piles, flatulence, coldness of the extremities, etc.

KOSKOO!

Is NOT a *secret quack* remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

PREPARED ONLY BY

J. J. LAWRENCE, M. D.,

ORGANIC CHEMIST,

Laboratory and Office, No. 6 Main Street,

NORFOLK, VA.

Price, ONE DOLLAR PER BOTTLE.

☞ For Sale by Druggists Everywhere.
feb6 dawly

KOSKOO!

Meets with GREAT SUCCESS in the CURE of

DISEASES OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM,

Almost nine-tenths of our people suffer from nervous exhaustion, and are, therefore, liable to its concomitant evils of mental depression, confused ideas, softening of the brain, insanity, and complete breaking down of the general health. Thousands are suffering to-day with broken-down nervous systems, and, unfortunately, tobacco, alcohol, late hours, over-work (mental and physical), are causing diseases of the nervous system to increase at a fearful rate.

The symptoms to which diseases of the nervous system give rise, may be stated as follows:

A dull, heavy feeling in the head, sometimes more or less severe pain or headache; Periodical Headache, Dizziness, Noises or Ringing in the Head; Confusion of Ideas; Temporary Loss of Memory; Dejection of Spirits; Talking during Sleep; Bad Dreams; Hesitation in Answering Questions; Dullness of Hearing; Twitching of the Face and Arms, etc., which, if not promptly treated, lead to Paralysis, Delirium, Insanity, Impotency, Apoplexy, etc., etc.

KOSKOO

Is NOT a *secret quack* remedy. FORMULA around each bottle. Recommended by the best Physicians, eminent Divines, Editors, Druggists, Merchants, etc.

The Best and Most Popular Medicine in Use.

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GEORGE PAGE & CO.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PATENT PORTABLE CIRCULAR

SAW MILLS,

Also Stationary and Portable

Steam Engines, &c.

No. 5 Schroeder Street,

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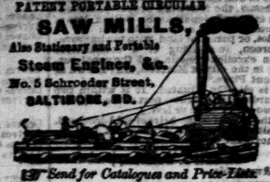

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TRADE MARK

OLD CAROLINA BITTERS.

A DELIGHTFUL TONIC

We take great pleasure in offering the

Old Carolina Bitters

to the public. They are compounded with great care, and contain some of the best Tonics in the Pharmacopeia. As evidence of the superiority of our Bitters over all others, we have certificates from many of the leading physicians in our State, who have prescribed them in their practice.

THE OLD CAROLINA BITTERS

Will be found invaluable for

Want of Appetite,
General Debility,
Chills and Fever and Dyspepsia.

We do not offer our Bitters as a cure for all diseases, but as an Aromatic Tonic, they have no equal.

For sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. Principal Depot, GOODRICH, WINEMAN & CO., Importers of Choice Drugs and Chemicals, Charleston, S. C.

jan8-dly

HENRY BANKS. HENRY BANKS, JR.

Henry Banks & Son,

—DEALERS IN—

BOOTS, SHOES, LEATHER,

SHOEMAKERS' TOOLS,

LASTS, PEGS, CALF-SKINS, ETC.,

No. 6, Cherokee Block,

PEACHTREE STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

jan8-d6m

TUTT'S VEGETABLE LIVER PILLS

Cures diseases of the Liver and Stomach

Tutt's Expectorant,

A pleasant cure for Coughs, Colds, etc.

Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight

The great Alterative and Blood Purifier.

Tutt's Improved Hair Dye,

Warranted the best dye in use.

These valuable preparations are for sale by all Druggists in Atlanta. june30-dly

Valuable Real Estate,

AT GAINESVILLE, GA., FOR SALE.

THE HOUSE built and occupied by Haise Bewdry, deceased, a summer residence.

Any amount of Wood Land can be purchased, convenient.

Apply to E. A. GOWER, At Cartersville, Or, R. V. COBB, Gainesville, Ga.

N. B.—Some Valuable Mill Property for sale in the immediate vicinity of Gainesville. apr10-dtf

30,000 FEET OF

Walnut, Poplar, Pine, Oak,

SYCAMORE,

AND SO FORTH, in any quantities, which must be good and dry, for which the highest cash price will be paid at

WALTON & CO.'S CABINET FACTORY.

Small quantities will be received.

The Company has purchased the best gear variety Moulding Machine and are prepared to do every kind of Serpentine and Scroll Work on Newel Posts, Banisters, Veranda Posts, Bedposts, Table Legs, Hand Rails, Brackets, and in fact we are prepared to stick moulding on any Scroll Work that the curve is not quicker than one inch and a quarter. We do all kinds of Turning, make all kinds of Furniture, stick all kinds of straight or crooked mouldings on hard or soft wood; make all kinds of Picture Frames, and as an inducement to the trade we sell much cheaper than any other firm in the city.

Liberal Terms Offered to the Trade.

We make Ornamental Wood Letters for Signs far cheaper than they can be painted. Call and see for yourself before purchasing elsewhere.

Works, Race Track Street, near McPherson Barracks.

WARE-ROOMS—HATS & GARRETT'S OLD STAND, near the old Whitehall House,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

All kinds of Lumber and Produce received in exchange. feb10-dly

J. Winston Burton, | Jas. W. Buxton, Late of Perryville.

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

LOUISVILLE, KY.,

HAS JUST BEEN REFITTED.

Centrally located.

feb13—dtf

To All Whom it May Concern.

YOUR attention is called to sections 371 and 372 of the City Code. They have been so amended that one notification from me is sufficient, and I now notify all parties, who come under the scope of said sections, to remove all obstructions, Sweepings, Hair, Fuel, Slop, or Washings, within six hours, and will say that not any will be allowed to be thrown, used to place such accumulation in, upon the street or sidewalk, except on Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday mornings, when a Scavenger Cart will pass around and empty them.

G. W. ANDERSON, Marshal.
apr28-dtf

German Music Teacher!

LEWIS DAVIDS, of Berlin, Germany, recently settled in Atlanta, offers his professional services as an Instructor of Music, either upon the Piano or Violin, to the people of Atlanta. From years of study in Germany, under the best Masters, and considerable experience in his profession, he believes he can give entire satisfaction to any who will place themselves under his Tuition. Any communication directed to Lewis Davids, care of Capt. John Milledge, or left at his office, corner of Broad and Marietta streets, will reach Mr. Davis. may4-dlm

ATLANTA, 10th February, 1870.

All persons in Atlanta or elsewhere in the State who have claims on the State Agricultural Society for premiums, will receive an order for the payment of the same on application to the Secretary.

By order of the Executive Committee.

feb11-tf D. W. LEWIS, Secretary.

SOMETHING TO EAT FOR EVERYBODY

—AT—

Chapman, Rucker & Co.'s,

WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

WHITEHALL STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Having Accepted the Agency for the Celebrated Graves' Mills Flour of

LEBANON, KENTUCKY,

We are now Prepared to Furnish to our Patrons any Kind and Quantity of Flour at

THE LOWEST MARKET PRICES!

WE ALSO KEEP ON HAND A LARGE SUPPLY OF

CORN, BACON, LARD, SUGARS, COFFEES, MOLASSES, SYRUPS, ETC.,

WHICH WE PROPOSE TO SELL

AS LOW AS ANY HOUSE IN THE CITY!

may13-d3m

FOR NEW YORK,

The Great Southern Freight and Passenger Line,

VIA CHARLESTON, S. C.

Rates Guaranteed as low as by any Competing Route.

THE SHORTEST SEA LINE NORTH AND EAST.

MARINE INSURANCE, HALF PER CENT.

The Old Established Tri-Weekly Route.

The Superior Ocean Side-Wheel Steamships

ON TUESDAYS.

CHARLESTON, 1,200 Tons, - - - - - JAMES BERRY, Commander.
JAMES ADGER, 1,200 Tons, - - - - - T. J. LOCKWOOD, "

JAMES ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

ON THURSDAYS.

TENNESSEE, 1,650 Tons, - - - - - O. CHICHESTER, Commander.
SOUTH CAROLINA, 1,650 Tons, - - - - - SIM ADKINS, "

WAGNER, HUGER & CO., or WM. A. COURTENAY, Union Wharves, Charleston, S. C.

ON SATURDAYS.

MANHATTAN, 1,300 Tons, - - - - - M. S. WOODHULL, Commander.
CHAMPION, 1,500 Tons, - - - - - R. W. LOCKWOOD, "

JAS. ADGER & CO., Agents, Adger's Wharf, Charleston, S. C.

These Steamships are First Class in every respect, and all under the command of men of many years' experience on the Atlantic Coast, and in speed, comfort and elegance of accommodations, are unrivalled by any steamers from the South. Their tables are supplied with all the delicacies of the New York and Charleston Markets.

THROUGH PASSAGE TICKETS AND BILLS OF LADING

May be obtained at all of the Railroad Ticket and Freight Offices in connection with this favorite route, in South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Tennessee and Mississippi.

PRICE OF PASSAGE.

Atlanta via Charleston to New York, $27 50,

Including Meals and Stateroom on board of Steamers, and transfer in Charleston.

☞ Merchants ordering their Spring Goods, will find an important saving of time by directing them shipped via Charleston, S. C.

☞ Staterooms may be secured in advance without extra charge, by addressing the Agents of either Steamship Line, at Charleston.

B. D. HASELL, General Agent

Of the Great Southern Freight Line, 40 and 42 Broadway, N. Y.

HENRY R. MORGAN & CO., Agents

Of Steamship Lines, 26 Broadway N. Y.

mar5—d3m

JOHN STEPHENS, late with Glenn, Wright & Carr. JOHN H. FLYNN, Atlanta. LOUIS GHOLSTIN Atlanta.

STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.,

General Commission Merchants,

IN GRAIN, PROVISIONS, PRODUCE, LIQUORS, ETC.

Agents for the Sale of

LIME, GUANO, VIRGINIA LAND PLASTER & SALT

Forsyth Street—Near the Capitol—Atlanta, Ga.

HAVE NOW IN STORE, ON CONSIGNMENT:

100 barrels Pink-Eye Potatoes,
100 barrels Russett Potatoes,
50 barrels Early Goodrich Potatoes,
5,000 bushels White Corn,
4,000 bushels Oats (arriving,)
250 barrels Choice Flour (in wood,)
600 barrels Flour in sacks,
100,000 pounds Bacon,
20 barrels Old Rye Whisky,
50 barrels Pure Corn Whisky,
10 barrels Virginia Apple Brandy,
25 bags Rio Coffee,
25 bales Cotton Yarns,
100,000 bales Timothy Hay (arriving,)
250 barrels Hydraulic Cement,
50 tons Virginia Land Plaster.

Agents for the Sale of Howard Lime.

Our Consignments Come Direct from Producers and Manufacturers,

And will be sold low, as our instructions are to sell promptly. Dealers will find it to their interest to give us a trial.

We are also prepared to receive and sell COTTON ON CONSIGNMENT, and MAKE ADVANCES on the same.

mar15-d3m STEPHENS, FLYNN & CO.

1870. SPRING STOCK. 1870.

M. C. & J. F. KISER,

76 Whitehall Street,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC DRY GOODS

Yankee Notions, Boots and Shoes, Hats, Caps and Straw Goods.

KEEP constantly on hand a large assortment in every department selected with great care, and bought at the lowest prices from Importers and Manufacturers, and which we are offering to the Trade at prices to correspond with the late decline in Gold.

Our WHOLESALE DEPARTMENT is up-stairs, and entirely separate from our Retail Department, and we are prepared to offer great inducements to COUNTRY MERCHANTS, who are respectfully invited to examine our Stock before purchasing elsewhere.

We are Agents for the Princeton Factory, Athens, Ga., and sell at Factory Prices. Their PREMIUM COTTON YARNS, first Premium awarded, State Fair, 1869; also, their Heavy Shirtings, Plaid Osnaburgs and Stripes.

Also Sole Agents for Beaumy & Woolfs' PREMIUM HOME-MADE SHOES. These Shoes were awarded the highest Premiums at the State Fair, 1869, and the Silver Cups are here on exhibition. apr24-d3m

GEN. A. H. COLQUITT. JAMES BAGGS. H. H. COLQUITT.

COLQUITT & BAGGS,

COTTON FACTORS

—AND—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS,

Bay Street, Savannah, Ga.

sep30-dtf

CHARTER OAK STOVES

LANGFORD & McCRATH,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

PUMPS, TIN PLATE, SHEET IRON,

Tinners' Findings, Stoves, Lamps, Hollow-Ware, Marbelized Slate Mantels at Factory Prices. Gas Fitting and Plumbing done to order.

KEY STONE BLOCK,

Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Georgia.

☞ Agents for the celebrated "Charter Oak Stove." feb13-dly

MARVIN'S PATENT

Alum and Dry Plaster

Fire and Burglar

SAFES.

Will not corrode the iron, mould the contents, or lose their fire-proof qualities by age.

These are the only Safes filled with

ALUM AND DRY PLASTER!

Please send for an Illustrated Catalogue.

MARVIN & CO.,

No. 265, Broadway, N. Y.,
No. 721, Chestnut St., Philadelphia.

feb1-d6m

JNO. L. HOPKINS. ROBT. H. BROWN.

HOPKINS & BROWN,

Attorneys at Law,

ATLANTA, GA.

(Office in Moore & Marsh's Building.)

feb23-d3m

Dr. W. G. DRAKE,

RESPECTFULLY offers his Professional services to the citizens of Atlanta and vicinity. Also various parts of the State, and Atlantic Railroad, are now holding daily sessions from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Depot building of said road, where the Committee can be found by parties, or their Counsel having business with the same.

Papers willing to do so are requested to publish this notice.

WALKER BROCK,
Chairman Committee.

Atlanta, Ga., May 19, 1870—dtf

C. Edw. COPELAND,

(Successor of Hampton & Copeland,)

WOOD & MANN,

Portable and Stationary

STEAM ENGINES,

Iron and Wood Working

MACHINERY,

No. 42 Cortlandt Street,

P. O. Box 3781. NEW YORK.

☞ Send for Reduced Price List.

may5-d3m

JOHN I. HALL. | GEO. A. COTTEN. | WM. T. WEAVER.

Hall, Cotten & Weaver,

ATTORNEYS & COUNSELLORS AT LAW,

Offices in Atlanta and Thomaston, Ga.

WILL practice in the counties of Fulton, Cobb, Campbell and DeKalb. Captain J. A. Cotten will give his attention to business in the above counties, and will be found at all times in the office in Atlanta. Will also practice in the counties of Upson, Pike, Crawford, Taylor, Talbot and Marion, in the Supreme Court of Georgia, and in the District Court of the United States for the Northern District of Georgia. Messrs. Hall & Weaver will give attention to business in the above counties and will remain in the office in Thomaston, Ga. dec21-d3m

BOARD AND AN UNFURNISHED ROOM WANTED.

BY a gentleman and his wife, in some nice family, whose residence is not far from the car shed. Parties wishing to furnish such accommodations, will confer a favor by addressing a note (giving name) to "A. L.," at the office of this paper, between this date and Wednesday, June 1st. A liberal remuneration will be paid, and acceptability of the applicants is guaranteed. may30-d4t

MANUALS OF THE FOLLOWING SUBJECTS ten cents each, sent by mail:

MATHEMATICAL INSTRUMENTS 110 pages.
OPTICAL INSTRUMENTS, 54 pages.
Magic Lanterns and Stereopticans. 36 pages.
PHILOSOPHICAL INSTRUMENTS, 64 pages.

JAMES W. QUEEN & CO.,
924 Chestnut Street,
may14-d2m Philadelphia, Pa.

COAL!

OUR experience for the last four winters teaches us that the demand for Coal in the winter time is greater, (and will continue greater,) than the facility for transportation; therefore, we think it to the interest of consumers to lay in their supply this summer, as it saves trouble and high prices. We will deliver on the car, by the car load, SEWANEE COAL, at the following prices:

Lump Coal ..... 26 cents per bushel
Run of Mines ..... 23½ " " "
Slack ..... 21 " " "

Orders left at Atlanta Ice House will be promptly filled. PELHAM & CO.

may17 d3m

Picture Frame Manufacturer.

JAMES SANDERS,

Manufacturer and Wholesale and Retail Dealer in

Oval and Square

PICTURE FRAMES,

Pictures and Moldings,

LOOKING GLASSES,

—AND—

Looking Glass Plates.

CONSTANTLY on hand a full assortment of Oval Frames and Looking Glasses, suitable for Retail Trade.

Merchants and others visiting the city will please give us a call, as we are offering extra inducements in this line of goods.

☞ Particular attention given to Framing.

67 Whitehall Street,
apr23-d3m Atlanta, Ga.

NOTICE.

THE COMMITTEE appointed by the Legislature to investigate the financial condition, management, etc., of the Western and Atlantic Railroad, are now holding daily sessions from 9 o'clock, A. M., until 1 o'clock, P. M., at the Depot building of said road, where the Committee can be found by parties, or their Counsel having business with the same.

Papers willing to do so are requested to publish this notice.

WALKER BROCK,
Chairman Committee.

Atlanta, Ga., May 19, 1870—dtf

Patent Awning.

SOMETHING new and useful; self-supporting iron frame; needs no posts; when rolled up is completely sheltered from the weather; upholds itself easily and gracefully as a ladies fan; is the best in use, combining beauty, convenience and durability. Specimens can be seen on the store fronts of Lawshe & Haynes, Hanson Bro., and Fleishel Bro., Whitehall street. All orders promptly filled. Also, general repairing in Iron, Drilling Iron Fronts, etc. Shop—corner Broad and Hunter streets. Call and see

J. RICHARDSON & CRANKSHAW.

may22-d-w

N. P. TUTWILER,

Contractor and House Builder

Is prepared to do any kind of Building in the best style. He did a large business in Louisville, and refers to the prominent merchants, who visited Atlanta on the Green Line Excursion; John J. Baxter, Mayor of Louisville, Dr. H. F. Kalfus, Jos. C. Clement, City Magistrate, Phillip Lotich, City Hotel, Ex-Mayor Kaye, R. A. Robinson, Wholesale Druggist, Callahan & Son, Grocers, Dye Bruner & Co., Produce Merchants, J. S. Lutz, Dye & Co., Stove Castings, etc.

He has done work for the following gentlemen in Atlanta, to whom he refers for recommendation as to his skill and promptness and integrity: Gen. W. Adair, and Col. I. W. Avery. may18-d1m